

4 Let's go shopping!

much/many • some/any • a few, a little, a lot of • Articles • Shopping • Prices

STARTER



Play the alphabet game with things you can buy. Continue around the class.

- A Yesterday I went shopping and I bought an apple.
- B Yesterday I went shopping and I bought an apple and some bread.
- C Yesterday I went shopping and I bought an apple, some bread, and a car.
- D Yesterday ...

THE WEEKEND SHOP

Quantity

- 1 Sarah and Vicky are two students who share a flat. It is Saturday morning, and Sarah has written a shopping list.

T 4.1 Read and listen to their conversation.

- V** It says here *milk*. How much milk do we need?
S Two pints.
V And eggs? How many eggs?
S A dozen.
V And what about potatoes? How many potatoes?
S A kilo's enough.
V And butter? How much?
S Just one packet.

GRAMMAR SPOT

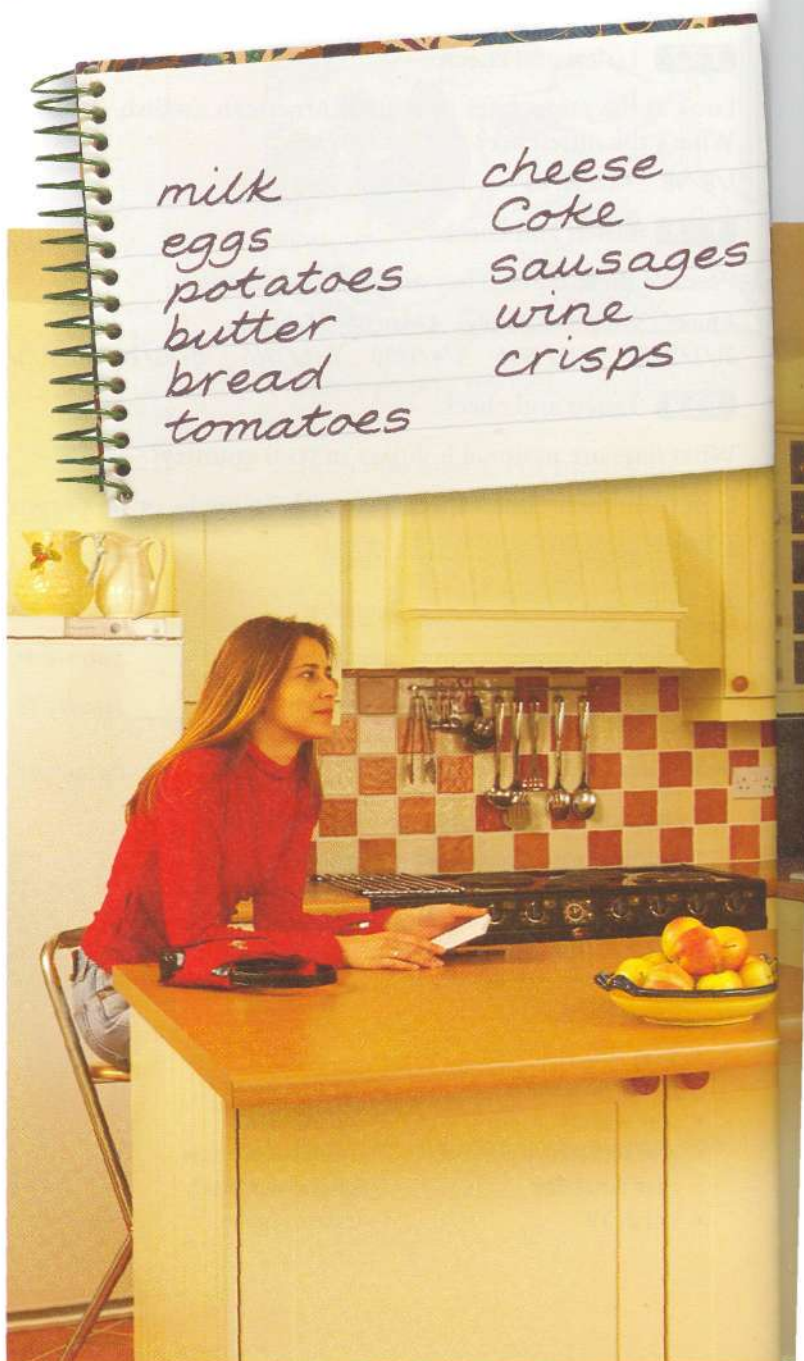
Can we count milk (one milk, two milks)?
 Can we count eggs (one egg, two eggs)?
 When do we say *How much* ...?
 When do we say *How many* ...?

▶▶ Grammar Reference 4.1 p133

- 2 Match these quantities with the shopping list.

a bottle of red	six cans
just one white loaf	six pork ones
200g of Cheddar	four big ones
four packets	

Continue the conversation with a partner.



3 **T 4.2** Read and listen to the rest of the conversation.

V Do we need anything else?

S Let's have a look. We've got some apples, but there aren't any grapes. And there isn't any coffee, but we've got some tea.

V Is there any orange juice left, or did somebody finish it?

S There's a little, but there isn't much, so we need some more.

V And vegetables? Have we got many vegetables?

S Well, I can see a few carrots, but there aren't many onions.

V Oh, and don't forget we need a lot of crisps. My nephews are coming tomorrow!

S Right, then. I think that's everything. Let's go! By the way, how much money have you got?

GRAMMAR SPOT

- Find seven count nouns (CNs) and four uncount nouns (UNs) in the conversation.
- Tick (✓) the correct columns.

We use ...	with CNs	with UNs	in positive sentences	in questions	in negative sentences
some	✓	✓	✓	✓(sometimes)	✗
any					
much					
many					
a lot/lots of	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
a few					
a little					

- Look at the forms of *something/someone*, etc. The rules are the same as for *some* and *any*. Find two examples in the conversation in exercise 3.

some any	+	thing one/body where
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▶▶ Grammar Reference 4.1 p133

PRACTICE

Discussing grammar

- Complete the sentences with *some* or *any*.

- Have you got _____ brothers or sisters?
- We don't need _____ olive oil.
- Here are _____ letters for you.
- I need _____ money.
- Is there _____ petrol in the car?

- Complete the sentences with *much* or *many*.

- Have you got _____ homework?
- We don't need _____ eggs. Just half a dozen.
- Is there _____ traffic in your town?
- I don't know _____ students in this class.
- How _____ people live in your house?

- Complete the sentences with *a little*, *a few*, or *a lot of*.

- I have _____ close friends. Two or three.
- He has _____ money. He's a millionaire.
- 'Do you take sugar in coffee?' 'Just _____. Half a spoonful.'
- 'Have you got _____ CDs?' 'Hundreds.'
- I'll be ready in _____ minutes.
- She speaks good Spanish, but only _____ Russian.

Questions and answers

4 Look at Sarah and Vicky's bathroom. Ask and answer questions with a partner about these things:

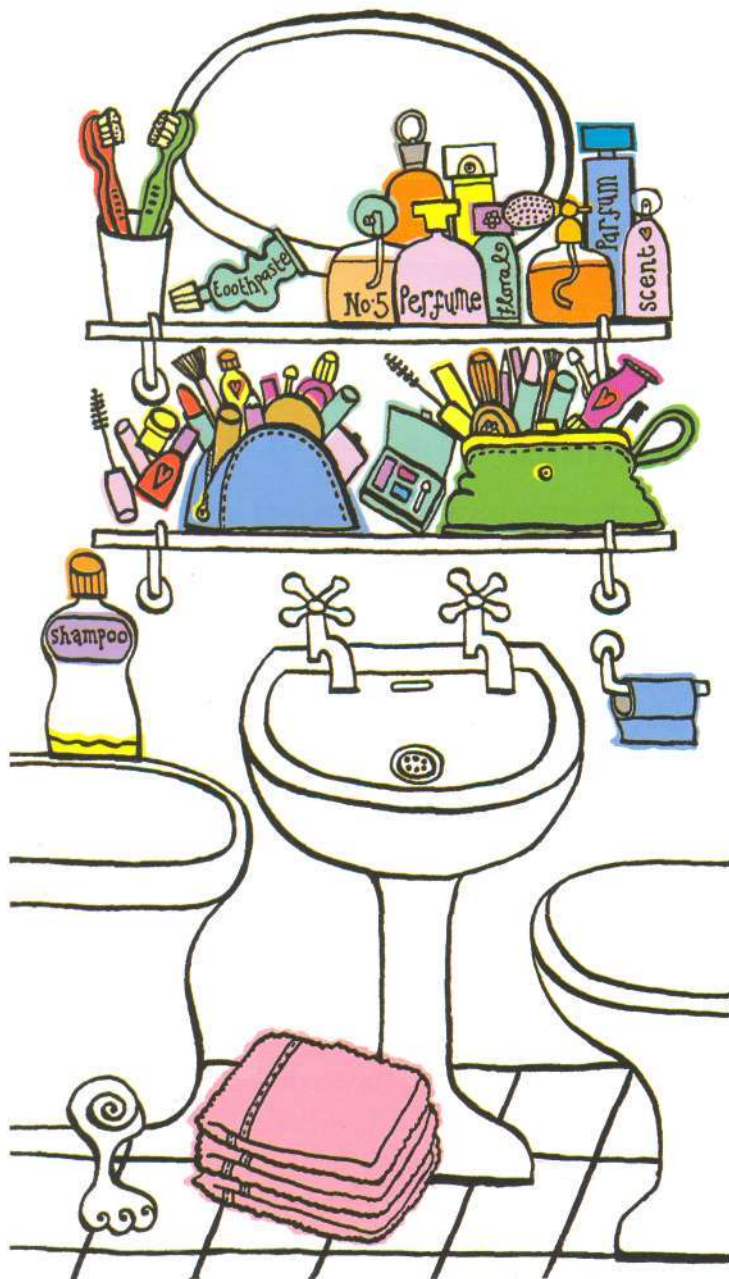
- make-up
- toothbrushes
- hairbrushes
- shampoo
- toothpaste
- soap
- towels
- toilet paper
- bottles of perfume

Have they got much make-up?

Lots.

Is there any soap?

I can't see any.



something/someone/somewhere

5 Complete the sentences with the correct word.

some		thing
any	+	one/body
every		where
no		

- 'Did you meet _____ nice at the party?'
'Yes. I met _____ who knows you!'
- 'Ouch! There's _____ in my eye!'
'Let me look. No, I can't see _____.'
- 'Let's go _____ hot for our holidays.'
'But we can't go _____ that's too expensive.'
- 'I'm so unhappy. _____ loves me.'
'I know _____ who loves you. Me.'
- I lost my glasses. I looked _____, but I couldn't find them.
- 'Did you buy _____ at the shops?'
'No, _____. I didn't have any money.'
- I'm bored. I want _____ interesting to read, or _____ interesting to talk to, or _____ interesting to go.
- It was a great party. _____ loved it.

T 4.3 Listen and check.

Town survey

6 Work in groups. Talk about the good things and bad things about living in your town. Make a list. Compare your list with the class.

Good things

There are a lot of cafés and restaurants.

There are some good shops.

We can go on lots of walks.

Bad things

But we haven't got any good clubs.

There aren't many...

There's only one...

There isn't anywhere that we can...

MY UNCLE'S A SHOPKEEPER

Articles

T 4.4 Read and listen to the text.

GRAMMAR SPOT

- 1 Find examples of the definite article (*the*) and the indefinite article (*a/an*).
- 2 Find examples of when there is no article.

▶▶ Grammar Reference 4.2 p133

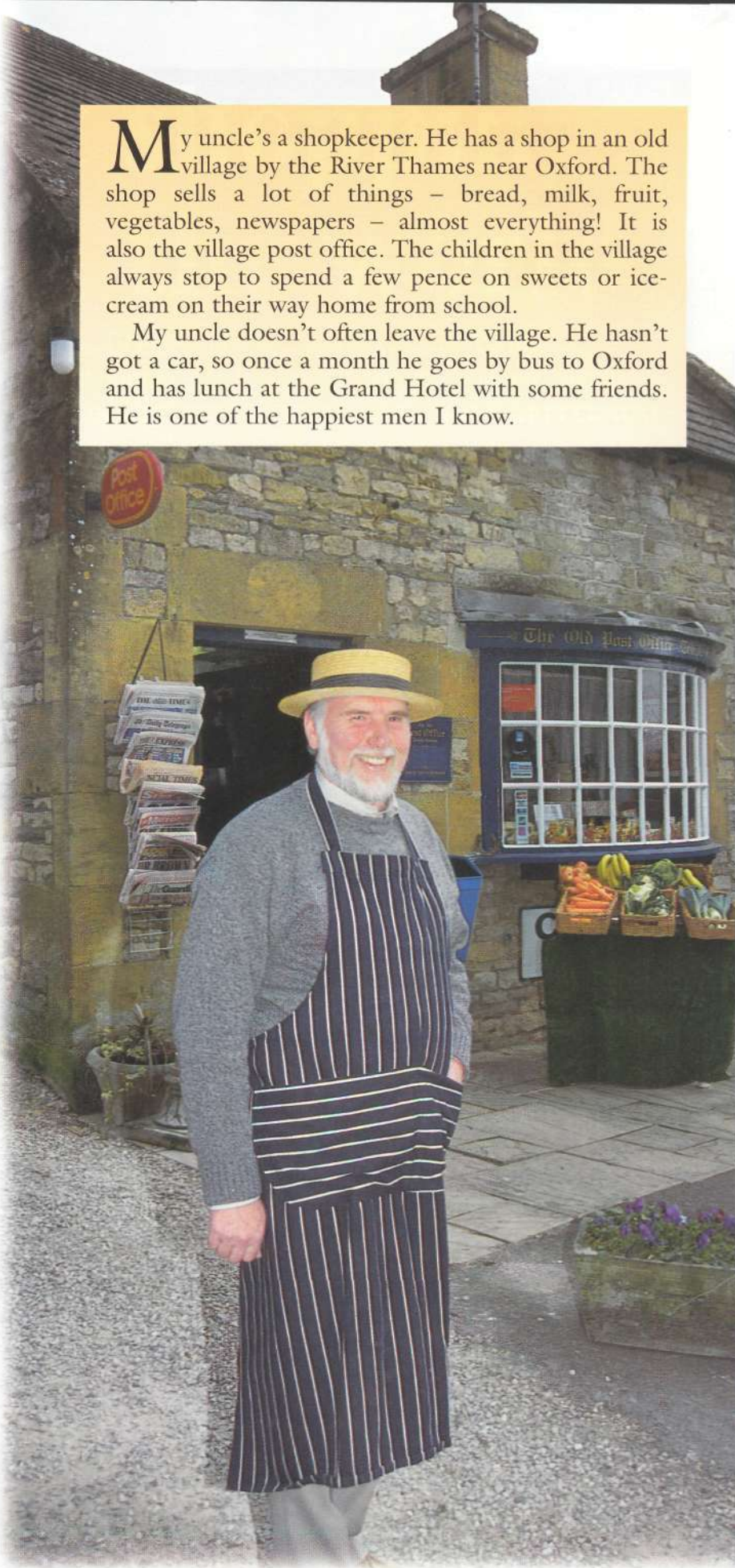
PRACTICE

Discussing grammar

- 1 In pairs, find one mistake in each sentence.
 - 1 He's postman, so he has breakfast at 4 a.m.
 - 2 The love is more important than money.
 - 3 I come to the school by bus.
 - 4 I'm reading one good book at the moment.
 - 5 'Where's Jack?' 'In a kitchen.'
 - 6 I live in centre of town, near the hospital.
 - 7 My parents bought the lovely house in the country.
 - 8 I don't eat the bread because I don't like it.
- 2 Complete the sentences with *a/an, the*, or nothing.
 - 1 I have two children, _____ boy and _____ girl. _____ boy is twenty-two and _____ girl is nineteen.
 - 2 Mike is _____ soldier in _____ Army, and Chloë is at _____ university.
 - 3 My wife goes to _____ work by _____ train. She's _____ accountant. I don't have _____ job. I stay at _____ home and look after _____ children.
 - 4 What _____ lovely day! Why don't we go for _____ picnic in _____ park?
 - 5 'What did you have for _____ lunch?' 'Just _____ sandwich.'

My uncle's a shopkeeper. He has a shop in an old village by the River Thames near Oxford. The shop sells a lot of things – bread, milk, fruit, vegetables, newspapers – almost everything! It is also the village post office. The children in the village always stop to spend a few pence on sweets or ice-cream on their way home from school.

My uncle doesn't often leave the village. He hasn't got a car, so once a month he goes by bus to Oxford and has lunch at the Grand Hotel with some friends. He is one of the happiest men I know.



READING

The best shopping street in the world

- 1 Match a famous shopping street with a town, a store, and a product.

Street	Town	Store	Product
Oxford Street	Milan	Guerlain	underwear and jumpers
Champs-Élysées	New York	Marks and Spencer	leather goods
Fifth Avenue	London	Gucci	jewellery
Via Montenapoleone	Paris	Tiffany's	perfume

- 2 Read the headline and the introduction of the newspaper article. Does anything surprise you? What do you want to find out when you read the article? Write some questions.
- 3 Read the article quickly and answer the questions you have written.

What is the best summary of the article?

Nowy Świat is the best shopping street in the world because ...

- ... so many Polish people go walking there.
- ... it is a pleasant place to shop and the shops are small.
- ... everything is very expensive and very exclusive.
- ... the shops sell quality goods that you can't buy anywhere else.

- 4 Read the article again and answer the questions.
- How do we know that Nowy Świat is the most popular shopping street?
 - Why is it such a nice place to go shopping?
 - What can you see in the photos that is described in the article?
 - Why don't many foreign people go to Nowy Świat?
 - Why are the things produced by Polish manufacturers so good?
 - What can you buy here? What can't you buy?
 - What is expensive? What isn't expensive?
 - What's good about *Café Blikle*?
 - What is special about the shops in Nowy Świat?

Language work

Complete the sentences with different ideas from the article.

- In Nowy Świat, there are a lot of ...* *There isn't any ...*
There aren't any/many ... *There are some ...*

What do you think?

- What are some of the famous brands and products that you can buy in many countries of the world? Think of clothes, food, cars Make a list. Work in groups and choose the most famous three. Compare your list with the class.
- What is the main shopping street in your town? What can you buy there that's special?
- Do you enjoy shopping? What do you like shopping for? What *don't* you like shopping for?



The best shopping street in the world

No, it isn't Oxford Street, the Champs-Élysées, or even Fifth Avenue. A new survey shows that the most popular shopping street in the world is ... Nowy Świat. Where's that? In Warsaw, Poland, of course.

by ANNE APPLEBAUM



'If you're tired, stop at *Café Blikle*.'



'There are a lot of small, chic shops.'

A recent survey has shown that the busiest shopping street in the world is not in London, New York, or Paris, but in Warsaw. It's called Nowy Świat (pronounced /nɔvi ʃvʲat/), which means *New World*. An incredible 14,000 Poles walk down this main street every hour.

It is a lovely place to shop. The pavements are very wide. There are statues, palaces, attractive town houses, exclusive cafés, and high-class restaurants. The buildings aren't too tall. They look old, but in fact the whole city was rebuilt after World War II.

There aren't any billboards or neon lights. There isn't any loud music, and there aren't many tourists. People think that Polish shops have nothing to sell, so nobody comes shopping here. The world doesn't know

about this paradise for shoppers – yet.

It is now possible to buy almost everything in Warsaw. There are a lot of shops from the West, but the interesting thing is that Polish manufacturers are now producing high quality goods. They are good because they are not mass produced for world consumption.

Nowy Świat has a lot of small shops, specialist shops, and chic shops. It hasn't got the huge department stores that sell the same things everywhere.

If you want an exquisite hand-made suit, Nowy Świat is the place to go. It isn't cheap. You will pay up to £1,000. For beautiful French baby clothes, go to *Petit Bateau*. You will pay £50 for a pair of blue jeans for a baby. A dress for a baby girl is about £90. At *Désa*, a famous antique shop, a desk costs

£5,000, and a 19th century Russian icon is £200.

Not everything is expensive. At the shop *Pantera* you can buy leather goods – handbags, purses, coats, and belts. *Cepelia* specializes in folk art. There are also book shops and record shops. And there are a lot of small boutiques that sell men's and women's clothes that aren't too expensive.

If you're tired, stop at *Café Blikle*. This is a fashionable place to meet. You'll find a lively atmosphere, and a lot of well-known Poles. The frozen yoghurt and ice-creams are excellent, and its famous doughnuts are delicious.

It is possible to travel the world and find the same things for sale in every country. But Warsaw is different because its shops are unique – and they're in Nowy Świat.

VOCABULARY AND LISTENING

Buying things

- 1 What can you buy or do in these places? Write two things for each place.
Compare your ideas with the class.

a clothes shop	a chemist's	a café	a bank	a newsagent's

- 2 **T 4.5** Listen to the conversations. Answer the questions.

- Where are the conversations taking place? Choose from the places in exercise 1.
- What does the customer want?
- Can the shop assistant/cashier help?
- How much does the customer pay?

- 3 Complete these lines from the conversations. Look at the tapescript on p64 and check your answers.

- 1 **A** Hello. Can I help you?
B I _____, thanks.
...
B I'm looking for a jumper _____ . Have you got _____ ?
A I'll just have a look.
_____ are you?
B Medium.

- A** Here you are.
B That's great. _____ ?
A Of course. The changing rooms are over there.
...
B I like it.
A It _____ .
B How much is it?
A £39.99.
B OK. I _____ .
A How would you like to pay?
B _____ .



- 2 **A** _____ help me?
I'm looking for this month's edition of *Vogue*. Can you tell me _____ ?
B Over there.
Middle shelf. Next to *She*.



- 3 **A** Hello. I _____ help me. I've got a bad cold and a sore throat. Can you _____ ?
B OK. You can take these three times a day.
A Thank you. _____ some tissues _____ , please?
B Sure. _____ ?
A No, that's all, thanks.



- 4 **A** Good morning. Can I have a _____ , please?
B Espresso?
A Yes, please. Oh, and a doughnut, please.
B _____ there aren't _____ .
We've got some delicious carrot cake, and chocolate cake.
A OK. Carrot cake, then.
B Certainly. Is _____ ?
A Yes, thanks.
B _____ , please.
A Thank you.



EVERYDAY ENGLISH

Prices and shopping

- 1 Look at the way we write and say prices in British and American English. Practise saying them.

British English		American English	
Written	Spoken	Written	Spoken
£1	a pound	\$1	a dollar
50p	fifty p	50¢	fifty cents
£1.99	one pound ninety-nine	25¢	a quarter
£16.40	sixteen pounds forty	10¢	a dime

T 4.6 Listen to the conversations and write the numbers you hear.

- 2 What's the exchange rate between sterling/US dollars and your currency?

There are about five ... to the dollar.

In your country, how much is ... ?

- a pair of jeans
- a packet of cigarettes
- a hamburger
- a litre of petrol

- 3 Make conversations in these places with a partner. Use the ideas to help you.

1 in a clothes shop

a shirt/tie

What size are you?

small/medium/large

too small/too big

I'll have it, please.

I'll leave them, thanks.



3 in a café

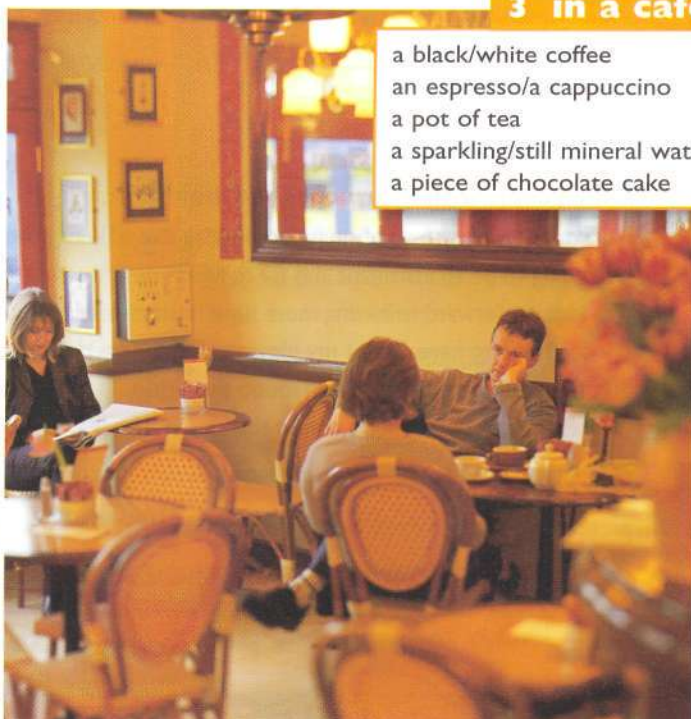
a black/white coffee

an espresso/a cappuccino

a pot of tea

a sparkling/still mineral water

a piece of chocolate cake



2 in a chemist's

conditioner

shaving foam

deodorant

stomach ache

sore throat



4 in a post office

some stamps

First or second class?

a letter/postcard to Japan

send this parcel to Mexico

buy some envelopes

4

Count and uncount nouns • Expressions of quantity
Articles • Plural nouns • Clothes
Writing – forms

Let's go shopping!

1 a or some?

Put *a/an* before the count nouns, and *some* before the uncount nouns.

- 1 a chair
- 2 some sugar
- 3 stamp
- 4 book
- 5 petrol
- 6 tree
- 7 air
- 8 money
- 9 pound
- 10 music
- 11 job
- 12 work
- 13 apple
- 14 fruit
- 15 tomato
- 16 tomato soup
- 17 problem
- 18 information

Count and uncount nouns

2 chocolate or a chocolate?

Sometimes a noun can be both countable and uncountable. Look at the pictures and complete the sentences with *a* + noun or just the noun.



1 I don't like
chocolate .



2 Would you like
a chocolate ?



3 I need some
_____ .



4 Can you buy
_____ ?



5 I drink a lot of
_____ .



6 Let's have
_____ .



7 Have
_____ !



8 Have some
_____ !



9 It's made of
_____ .



10 Would you like
_____ of
water?



11 Would you like
_____ !



12 Have some
_____ !

Expressions of quantity

3 some or any?

Complete the sentences with *some* or *any*.

- I haven't got _____ paper.
- I'll buy _____ paper when I go to the shops.
- Is there _____ petrol in the car?
- Yes. I put _____ in yesterday.
- I bought _____ fruit, but they didn't have _____ vegetables.
- Do you have _____ change? I need 50p.
- I saw _____ change on the table a minute ago.
- I need _____ help with my homework. Are you free?
- I don't have _____ free time today. Sorry.
- Did you have _____ problems with this exercise?

4 How much? or How many?

T 4.1 Write questions with *How much?* or *How many?*

- We've got some eggs.
How many eggs have we got?
- We need some flour.
How much flour do we need?
- She has a lot of children.
_____ want?
- Can you buy some butter?
_____ want?
- Their house has a lot of bedrooms.
_____ want?
- Some people are coming for a meal on Sunday.
_____ want?
- Shakespeare wrote a lot of plays.
_____ want?
- She earns a fortune!
_____ want?

5 much, many, or a lot of?

Look at the picture. Complete the sentences with *much*, *many*, or *a lot of*.



- There are *a lot of* apples.
- The shop hasn't got *much* washing powder.
- There's _____ oil.
- The shop has _____ bottles of water.
- There isn't _____ frozen food.
- There aren't _____ sweets.
- The shopkeeper has got _____ cheese.
- I can see _____ newspapers.
- But I can't see _____ bread.
- There isn't _____ yoghurt.
- The shop hasn't got _____ birthday cards.
- But there are _____ grapes!
- Why aren't there _____ magazines?
- But there is _____ rice!

6 a few or a little?

T 4.2 Match a line in A with a line in B and a line in C.

A	B	C
1 Does your tooth hurt? 2 Were there many people at the party? 3 Is there any food left over? 4 Have you got any whisky? 5 Do you have any books on French literature? 6 Would you like some cream? 7 Are there many Spanish people in your class? 8 Do you watch much TV? 9 Do you get many letters? 10 Do your children get a lot of homework?	A few. A little.	It takes them about an hour a night. I'm trying to lose weight. You can borrow them if you want. The children ate most of it. But I prefer reading. Do you want some ice in it? But most of them come from France. I'll go to the dentist tomorrow. But no one that you know. But most of them are bills.

Articles

7 a/an or the?

T 4.3 Complete the sentences with *a/an* or *the*.

- I bought a hat and a pair of shoes at the shops. Unfortunately the shoes are wrong size. I'll take them back tomorrow.
- A Where are the children?
B They're in the garden.
- My sister's a teacher in a school near Leicester. She has three children, two girls and a boy. The girls are in her class at school, but the boy isn't old enough for school yet.
- Jane and Bill are a very nice couple. She has a clothes shop, and he works in a office in a centre of town.
- A Where are my shoes?
B On a floor in a kitchen.
- A How much are the driving lessons?
B Fifteen pounds a hour.
- When you come to bed, can you put a cat out and turn off the lights?
- I went to a restaurant last night.
- What's a name of a restaurant we went to last night?

8 No articles

We do not use *a/an* or *the* when we talk about things in general.

Match a noun in A with a verb in B and a line in C to make general statements.

A	B	C
Cows Leaves Wood Cats Wine Birds Children Cars Fruit	comes like fall off is go live eat floats need	oil and petrol. from grapes. grass. in trees. full of vitamins. to school until they're 16. trees in autumn. eating fish. on water.

6 a few or a little?

T 4.2 Match a line in A with a line in B and a line in C.

A	B	C
1 Does your tooth hurt?		It takes them about an hour a night.
2 Were there many people at the party?		I'm trying to lose weight.
3 Is there any food left over?		You can borrow them if you want.
4 Have you got any whisky?		The children ate most of it.
5 Do you have any books on French literature?	A few.	But I prefer reading.
6 Would you like some cream?		Do you want some ice in it?
7 Are there many Spanish people in your class?	A little.	But most of them come from France.
8 Do you watch much TV?		I'll go to the dentist tomorrow.
9 Do you get many letters?		But no one that you know.
10 Do your children get a lot of homework?		But most of them are bills.

Articles

7 a/an or the?

T 4.3 Complete the sentences with *a/an* or *the*.

- I bought *a* hat and *a* pair of shoes at *the* shops. Unfortunately *the* shoes are wrong size. I'll take them back tomorrow.
- A Where are *the* children?
B They're in *the* garden.
- My sister's *a* teacher in *a* school near Leicester. She has three children, two girls and *a* boy. *The* girls are in her class at school, but *the* boy isn't old enough for school yet.
- Jane and Bill are *a* very nice couple. She has *a* clothes shop, and he works in *a* office in *a* centre of town.
- A Where are my shoes?
B On *a* floor in *a* kitchen.
- A How much are the driving lessons?
B Fifteen pounds *a* hour.
- When you come to bed, can you put *a* cat out and turn off *the* lights?
- I went to *a* restaurant last night.
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Match a noun in A with a verb in B and a line in C to make general statements.

A	B	C
Cows	comes	oil and petrol.
Leaves	like	from grapes.
Wood	fall off	grass.
Cats	is	in trees.
Wine	go	full of vitamins.
Birds	live	to school until they're 16.
Children	eat	trees in autumn.
Cars	floats	eating fish.
Fruit	need	on water.

9 a, the, or nothing?

Complete the sentences with *a*, *the*, or nothing.

- 1 I come to _____ school by _____ bus.
- 2 This morning _____ bus was late.
- 3 My favourite subject is _____ history, but I'm not very good at _____ maths.
- 4 Ankara is _____ capital of Turkey.
- 5 I work for _____ company that makes _____ carpets.
- 6 My friend lives in _____ same street as me.
- 7 I was at _____ home all day yesterday.
- 8 We had _____ lovely holiday in Spain. We're going back there _____ next year.
- 9 _____ Heathrow is _____ busiest airport in Europe.
- 10 Leave early if you want to miss _____ rush hour.
- 11 We arrived in _____ Paris on _____ third of August.
- 12 Last night we had _____ dinner in _____ restaurant.
- 13 I went to _____ bed late.
- 14 What time does your plane arrive? I'll come to _____ airport to meet you.

Vocabulary

10 Spelling of plural nouns

1 Write the plural form of these nouns.

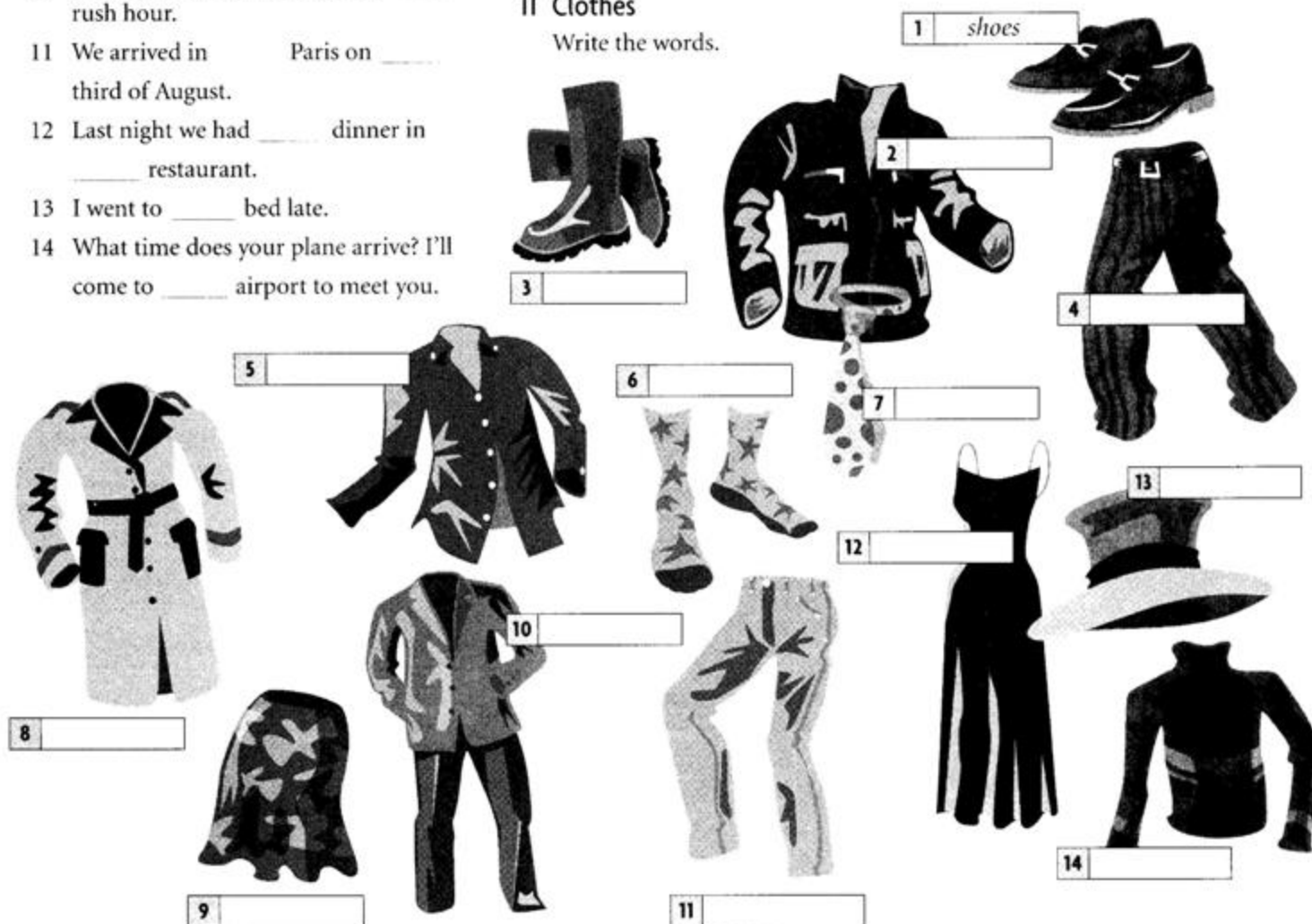
- | | |
|----------|-------------|
| 1 boy | 9 church |
| 2 lady | 10 address |
| 3 day | 11 story |
| 4 potato | 12 sandwich |
| 5 party | 13 key |
| 6 watch | 14 video |
| 7 glass | 15 way |
| 8 city | |

2 These nouns are irregular. Write the plural form.

- | | |
|----------|---------|
| 1 child | 4 tooth |
| 2 person | 5 sheep |
| 3 woman | 6 fish |

11 Clothes

Write the words.



Writing

12 Filling in forms

1 Match the expressions and questions.

1 First name	a Are you married or single?
2 Surname	b What do you do in your free time?
3 Date of birth	c What's your phone number?
4 Place of birth	d What's your first name?
5 Permanent address	e What do you do?
6 Marital status	f Where were you born?
7 Occupation	g When were you born?
8 Qualifications	h What's your family name?
9 Hobbies/Interests	i What degrees, diplomas, certificates, etc. do you have?
10 Tel. no.	j Where do you live?

2 Do these things. Write about you.

1 Write your name in capital letters.

3 Delete where not applicable.

(Mr/Mrs/Miss/Ms)

2 Write your signature.

4 Write your postcode.

3 Complete the form.

The Oak Tree School of English

Enrolment form

PLEASE WRITE IN CAPITAL LETTERS

Mr/Mrs/Ms*

Family name

First name

Date of birth

Nationality

Language(s)

Address in your country

Occupation

Date of arrival

Date of departure

Reason for learning English: Business/pleasure/exams/other *(If other, please specify.)

How many hours a day do you want to study?

How long are you going to stay at the school?

What date do you want to start?

Signature

*Delete where not applicable.

We didn't enjoy our holiday because the weather was bad.

- 3 He worked hard, so he passed all his exams.
He passed all his exams because he worked hard.

- 13 1 but 2 and 3 but 4 so 5 and
6 because 7 but 8 because 9 and
10 However 11 but/and

UNIT 3

- 1 1 lost 2 spent 3 laughed 4 saved
5 left 6 fell 7 broke 8 couldn't
9 found 10 took 11 needed
- 2 2 Christopher Columbus didn't discover India. He discovered America.
3 Beethoven didn't come from France. He came from Germany.
4 Leonardo da Vinci didn't live in Mexico. He lived in Italy.
5 The Americans didn't land on the moon in the 19th century. They landed on the moon in the 20th century.
6 Buddha didn't come from Australia. He came from India.
- 3 2 Where did you go for your last holiday?
3 Where did you stay?
4 How long did you stay there?
5 Did you have good weather?
6 How did you travel round?
7 Did you have good food?
- 4 2 Yes, he did. 3 No, he didn't. 4 No, he didn't. 5 Yes, I did. / No, I didn't.
6 Yes, I did. / No, I didn't. 7 Yes, it did. / No, it didn't.
- 5 arrived planned made helped used
travelled felt washed liked robbed
sent walked smiled clapped knew
- 6 1 in 2 when 3 for 4 ago 5 - 6 at
7 last 8 at; in 9 On 10 When
11 on 12 In 13 ago 14 - 15 at; in
16 - 17 in
- 7 2 Annie and Pete were dancing.
3 Sarah and Bill were sitting on the sofa.
4 Katie was choosing a CD.
5 Max was drinking champagne.
6 Beth and Dave were eating crisps.
7 Justin was showing Lucinda a photograph.
8 Harry was smoking a cigar.
9 James was telling a joke.
- 8 1 B 2 C 3 A 4 A 5 C 6 B

A Motorist Jeremy Page had to pay a fine of £330 at Durham Magistrate's Court yesterday for speeding. Police stopped him on the motorway when he was travelling at 120 miles an hour. The speed limit on motorways is 70 miles an hour. 'I know I was driving fast,' he explained to the court. 'This was because I was late for work.' The judge said that this was no excuse.

B Yesterday afternoon a 35-year-old housewife narrowly escaped death when a tree blew over and fell onto her house, completely destroying it. 'I was working in the garden at the time,' she explained. 'It was quite windy. I heard a strange noise coming from our tree. The bottom of the tree was slowly moving. Suddenly the wind blew a little stronger and I watched it crash onto the roof.' The Bowles family are staying with friends while their house is rebuilt.

C Yesterday afternoon thieves stole £500 from a post office in Preston, Lancashire. Police do not have a good description of the two men because they were wearing masks, but they know that they escaped in a red Ford Cortina. This information came from an 11-year-old boy, Charlie Carrack, who was coming home from school at the time.

- 9 1 met; was doing 2 was paying; heard
3 turned; saw 4 was wearing
5 decided 6 were having; dropped
7 got 8 was picking; cut
- 10 2 had dinner 3 have; game 4 Have; time
5 have breakfast 6 have; bath
7 have; swim 8 have; day 9 had; argument
10 have; look 11 have; word
- 11 1 1 while; during; for 2 for; During; while
3 for; During; while 4 for; During; While
2 1 for 2 During 3 while 4 while
5 for 6 during 7 For 8 while

UNIT 4

- 1 3 a 4 a 5 some 6 a 7 some 8 some
9 a 10 some 11 a 12 some 13 an
14 some 15 a 16 some 17 a 18 some
- 2 3 paper 4 a paper 5 coffee 6 a coffee
7 an ice-cream 8 ice-cream 9 glass
10 a glass 11 a cake 12 cake
- 3 1 any 2 some 3 any 4 some
5 some; any 6 any 7 some 8 some
9 any 10 any
- 4 3 How many children does she have?
4 How much butter do you want?
5 How many bedrooms does it have?
6 How many people are coming?
7 How many plays did he write?
8 How much (money) does she earn?
- 5 3 a lot of 4 a lot of 5 much 6 many
7 a lot of 8 a lot of 9 much 10 much
11 many 12 a lot of 13 many 14 a lot of
- 6 2 Were there many people at the party?
A few. But no one that you know.
3 Is there any food left over? A little.
The children ate most of it.
4 Have you got any whisky? A little. Do

you want some ice in it?

- 5 Do you have any books on French literature? A few. You can borrow them if you want.
- 6 Would you like some cream? A little. I'm trying to lose weight.
- 7 Are there many Spanish people in your class? A few. But most of them come from France.
- 8 Do you watch much TV. A little. But I prefer reading.
- 9 Do you get many letter? A few. But most of them are bills.
- 10 Do your children get a lot of homework? A little. It takes them about an hour a night.
- 7 1 a; a; the; the; the 2 the; the 3 a; a; a; The; the 4 a; a; an; the 5 the; the 6 an 7 the; the 8 a 9 the; the
- 8 Cows eat grass.
Leaves fall off trees in autumn.
Wood floats on water.
Cats like eating fish.
Wine comes from grapes.
Birds live in trees.
Children go to school until they're 16.
Cars need oil and petrol.
Fruit is full of vitamins.
- 9 2 the 3 -; - 4 the 5 a; - 6 the 7 - 8 a; - 9 -; the 10 the 11 -; the 12 -; a 13 - 14 the

- 10 1 1 boys 2 ladies 3 days 4 potatoes
5 parties 6 watches 7 glasses
8 cities 9 churches 10 addresses
11 stories 12 sandwiches 13 keys
14 videos 15 ways
2 1 children 2 people 3 women
4 teeth 5 sheep 6 fish

- 11 2 jacket 3 boots 4 trousers 5 shirt
6 socks 7 tie 8 coat 9 skirt 10 suit
11 jeans 12 dress 13 hat 14 jumper
- 12 1 1 d 2 h 3 g 4 f 5 j 6 a 7 e
8 i 9 b 10 c

UNIT 5

- 1 2 Jane wants to be a vet because she likes working with animals. / Jane hopes to be a vet because she loves working with animals. / Jane would like to be a vet because she enjoys working with animals.
- 3 Malcolm wants to be a farmer because he likes being outside in the fresh air. / Malcolm hopes to be a farmer because he loves being outside in the fresh air. / Malcolm would like to be a farmer because he enjoys being outside in the fresh air.
- 4 Suzy wants / hopes / would like to be a stockbroker because she wants to earn a lot of money.
- 5 Gill wants to do voluntary service because she likes helping children in developing countries. / Gill hopes to

was having a good time when suddenly things started to go wrong. Forty uninvited guests arrived, and some of them were carrying knives. They broke furniture, smashed windows, and stole jewellery.

When Mr and Mrs Harman heard the news, they came home immediately.

T 3.6 A radio drama – The perfect crime

A = Alice H = Henry P = Detective Parry
T = Sergeant Taylor F1 and F2 = Friends

Alice Jackson is a happily married woman. She loves her baby son, and she adores her husband, Henry. Tonight is her tenth wedding anniversary, and some friends are coming round to have a drink. Everything seems perfect ... but ... Alice's life is going to change.

- A Hello, darling. Have some beer.
H Sit down. I've got something to say. ... I'm sorry. I know it's a bad time to tell you. It's our anniversary. But it's just that Kathy and I are in love. Bobby won't miss me, he's too young.
A I'll get ready for the party ...
H What on earth ...?
A Hello, police please. Hello, is that the police? Come quickly. It's my husband. Something awful has happened to him.
P Detective Parry, Mrs Jackson. Where is he?
A In the kitchen. Is he all right?
P He's dead.
A No, no, not Henry! My Henry! Oh Henry!
P What happened?
A I was putting the baby to bed upstairs. And I just came downstairs and found him lying on the kitchen floor.
T Burglars.
P Sit down, Mrs Jackson. Sergeant Taylor, get Mrs Jackson a drink. A brandy with some ice. Phew! It's hot in this room. I hope you understand, Mrs Jackson, that we have to search the house immediately. We must find the murder weapon.
A Yes, yes. Of course.
P What was that?
T It's this statue, sir. It's melting.
T Phew! Can I have a glass of water, Mrs Jackson? It's so hot in here.
P I think we all need one. And with ice.
F1 Poor Alice!
F2 Poor Henry! I don't believe it. What a shock for you!
A Oh thank you, thank you. Please ... stay and have a drink. Help yourselves.
F1 I wonder what the burglar hit him with.
F2 Who knows? Mmm.

T 3.7

the eighth of January, nineteen ninety-eight
January the eighth, nineteen ninety-eight
the sixteenth of July, nineteen eighty-five
July the sixteenth, nineteen eighty-five
the twenty-fifth of November, two thousand and two
November the twenty-fifth, two thousand and two

T 3.8

January eighth, nineteen ninety-eight
July sixteenth, nineteen eighty-five
November twenty-fifth, two thousand and two

T 3.9

June the fourth
the fifth of August
the thirty-first of July
March the first
February the third
the twenty-first of January, nineteen eighty-eight
December the second, nineteen ninety-six
the fifth of April, nineteen eighty-five
June the eleventh, nineteen sixty-five
the eighteenth of October, two thousand
January the thirty-first, two thousand and five

Unit 4

T 4.1 see p30

T 4.2 see p31

T 4.3

- 'Did you meet anyone nice at the party?'
'Yes. I met someone who knows you.'
- 'Ouch! There's something in my eye!'
'Let me look. No, I can't see anything.'
- 'Let's go somewhere hot for our holidays.'
'But we can't go anywhere that's too expensive.'
- 'I'm so unhappy. Nobody loves me.'
'I know somebody who loves you. Me.'
- I lost my glasses. I looked everywhere, but I couldn't find them.
- 'Did you buy anything at the shops?'
'No, nothing. I didn't have any money.'
- I'm bored. I want something interesting to read, or someone interesting to talk to, or somewhere interesting to go.
- It was a great party. Everyone loved it.

T 4.4 see p33

T 4.5

- A Hello. Can I help you?
B I'm just looking, thanks.
B I'm looking for a jumper like this, but in blue. Have you got one?
A I'll just have a look. What size are you?
B Medium.
A Here you are.
B That's great. Can I try it on?
A Of course. The changing rooms are over there.
B I like it.
A It fits you very well.
B How much is it?
A £39.99.
B OK. I'll have it.
A How would you like to pay?
B Cash.
- A Could you help me? I'm looking for this month's edition of *Vogue*. Can you tell me where it is?
B Over there. Middle shelf. Next to *She*.
- A Hello. I wonder if you could help me. I've got a bad cold and a sore throat. Can you give me something for it?
B OK. You can take these three times a day.
A Thank you. Could I have some tissues as well, please?
B Sure. Anything else?
A No, that's all, thanks.

- A Good morning. Can I have a black coffee, please?
B Espresso?
A Yes, please. Oh, and a doughnut, please.
B I'm afraid there aren't any left. We've got some delicious carrot cake, and chocolate cake.
A OK. Carrot cake, then.
B Certainly. Is that all?
A Yes, thanks.
B That'll be £1.85, please.
A Thank you.

T 4.6

- A A book of ten first class stamps, please.
B Two pounds eighty, please.
- A How much is this jumper?
B Twenty-eight pounds fifty.
- A A white loaf and three rolls, please.
B That'll be one pound eighty-two p.
- A How much do I owe you?
B Twelve dollars and twenty cents.
- A How much was your car?
B Fifteen thousand dollars.
- A What a fantastic house!
B Darling! It cost half a million pounds!
- A Just this book, please.
B Five pounds ninety-nine, then.
- A How much was the cheque for?
B A hundred and sixty dollars.

Unit 5

T 5.1

- Sean
When I grow up, I want to be a footballer and play for Manchester United, because I want to earn lots of money. After that, I'm going to be an astronaut, and fly in a rocket to Mars and Jupiter. And I'd like all the people in the world and all the animals in the world to be happy.
- Mel
I've finished my first year at Bristol University, and now I'm going to have a year off. My boyfriend and I are going round the world. We hope to find work as we go. I really want to meet people from all over the world, and see how different people live their lives.
- Justin
What I'd really like to do, because I'm mad about planes and everything to do with flying, is to have my own business connected with planes, something like a flying school. I'm getting married next June, so I can't do anything about it yet, but I'm going to start looking this time next year.
- Martyn
My great passion is writing. I write plays. Three have been performed already, two in Edinburgh and one in Oxford. But my secret ambition ... and this would be the best thing in my life ... I would love to have one of my plays performed on the London stage. That would be fantastic.
- Amy
We're thinking of moving, because the kids are leaving home soon. Meg's eighteen, she's doing her A levels this year, so with a bit of luck, she'll be off to university next year. And Kate's fifteen. Jack and I both enjoy walking,

Unit 4

a dozen eggs /əˈdʌzn 'egz/
 a loaf of bread /əˈləʊf əv 'bred/
 a pint of milk /əˈpaɪnt əv 'mɪlk/
 a pound of cheese
 /əˈpaʊnd əv 'tʃiːz/
 accountant /əˈkaʊntənt/
 assistant /əˈsɪstənt/
 atmosphere /'ætməsfiə/
 attractive /ədɪ'træktɪv/
 belt /belt/
 billboards /n pl 'bɪlbɔːdɪz/
 boutique /buː'tiːk/
 brand /brænd/
 busiest /'bɪziəst/
 butter /'bʌtə/
 by the way /baɪ ðə 'weɪ/
 carrot /'kærət/
 cashier /kæ'sʃɪə/
 changing rooms /n pl
 /'tʃeɪndʒɪŋˌrʊmz/
 chic /ʃɪk/
 coat /kəʊt/
 cold (I've got a cold) /n 'kəʊld/
 conditioner /n 'kən'dɪʃənə/
 consumption /n 'kən'sʌmpʃn/
 crisps /n pl 'krɪspz/
 delicious /dɪ'lɪʃəs/
 deodorant /n 'diːədərənt/
 department store /n
 /dɪˈpɑːtməntˌstɔː/
 desk /desk/
 doughnut /n 'dɔːnʌt/
 edition /n 'ɪdɪʃn/
 exclusive /ədɪ'kʌsklʊːsɪv/
 exquisite /ədɪ'kʌskwɪzɪt/
 fantastic /fæn'tæstɪk/
 fashionable /fæʃə'nəbl/
 folk art /n 'fəʊkˌɑːt/
 for sale /fɔː'seɪl/
 frozen yoghurt /n
 /'frəʊzn 'jɒɡət/
 glasses (to see) /n pl 'glɑːsɪz/
 hairbrush /n 'heəbrʌʃ/
 hand-made suit /n
 /'hænd meɪd 'suːt/
 handbag /n 'hændbæg/
 high-class /adj /haɪ 'klaːs/
 icon /n 'aɪkən/
 incredible /ədɪ'm'kredəbl/
 jumper /n 'dʒʌmpə/
 leather goods /n pl 'leðəˌɡʊdz/
 lively /adj 'laɪvli/
 manufacturer /n
 /ˌmænʃʊˈfæktʃərə/
 mass produced /adj
 /ˌmæs prə'djuːst/
 medium (size) /adj 'miːdiəm/
 middle shelf /nˌmɪdl 'ʃelf/
 millionaire /nˌmɪljə'neə/
 mineral water /n
 /'mɪnərəlˌwɔːtə/
 need /vˌniːd/

neon lights /n plˌniːnɒn 'laɪts/
 nephew /n 'nefjuː/

olive oil /nˌɒlɪv 'ɔɪl/
 onion /n 'ʌnjən/
 owe (money) /v /əʊ/
 packet /n 'pækɪt/
 palace /n 'pæləs/
 paradise /n 'pærədəɪs/
 pavement /n 'peɪvmənt/
 perfume /n 'pɜːfjuːm/
 picnic /n 'pɪknɪk/
 pleasant /adj 'plezn/
 post office /nˌpəʊstˌɒfɪs/
 postman /n 'pəʊsmən/
 product /n 'prɒdʌkt/
 rebuild /vˌriːbɪld/
 record shop /nˌ'rekɔːdˌʃɒp/
 roll (= bread) /n /rəʊl/
 sausages /n plˌ'sɔːsɪdʒɪz/
 shampoo /n 'ʃæmpuː/
 share /v /ʃeə/
 shaving foam /nˌ'ʃeɪvɪŋˌfəʊm/
 shopkeeper /nˌ'ʃɒpkɪˌpə/
 shopping list /nˌ'ʃɒpɪŋˌlɪst/
 shorts /n pl /ʃɔːts/
 soap /n /səʊp/
 sore throat /nˌsɔːˌθrəʊt/
 sparkling (mineral water) /adj
 /'spɔːklɪŋ/
 spoonful /nˌspuːnfʊl/
 still (mineral water) /adj /stɪl/
 stomach ache /nˌ'stʌməkˌ'eɪk/
 survey /nˌ'sʌːveɪ/
 sweets /n pl /swiːts/
 tie (to wear) /n /taɪ/
 tissues /n pl /tɪʃuːz/
 toilet paper /nˌ'tɔɪlɪtˌpeɪpə/
 toothbrush /nˌ'tuːθbrʌʃ/
 toothpaste /nˌ'tuːθpeɪst/
 towel /nˌ'taʊəl/
 traffic /nˌ'træfɪk/
 trainers /n pl /treɪnəz/
 underwear /nˌˈʌndəˌweə/
 unique /adjˌjuːˈniːk/
 village /nˌ'vɪlɪdʒ/
 well-known /adj /welˌ'nəʊn/
 wide /adj /waɪd/

Unit 5

A levels /n pl /'eɪˌlevəlz/
 a day off (= not at work) /n
 /əˈdeɪˌɒf/
 abroad /adv /əˈbrɔːd/
 adult /nˌ'ædʌlt/
 ambition /nˌ'æmbɪʃn/
 astronaut /nˌ'æstrənɔːt/
 atmosphere /nˌ'ætməsfiə/
 attention /nˌ'əʊtənʃn/
 beautician /nˌ'bjuːˌtɪʃn/
 boast /v /bəʊst/
 bodyguard /nˌ'bɒdɪɡɑːd/
 boot /n /buːt/
 brighten /vˌ'braɪtən/
 call /v /kɔːl/
 cash /n /kæʃ/
 chauffeur /nˌ'ʃəʊfə/
 Cheer up! /'tʃɪə(r)ˌʌp/
 childhood /nˌ'tʃaɪldhʊd/
 close /v /kləʊz/
 cloud /nˌ'klaʊd/
 club /n /klʌb/
 coach (= trainer) /n /kəʊtʃ/
 complain /v /kəmˌpleɪn/
 cool /adj /kuːl/
 cost /v /kɒst/
 counsellor /nˌ'kaʊnsələ/
 crazy /adj /'kreɪzi/
 dentist /nˌ'dentɪst/
 depressed /adj /dɪˈprest/
 desert /v /dɪˈzɜːt/
 designer clothes /n pl
 /dɪˈzamaɪˌkləʊðz/
 down (= upset) /adj /daʊn/
 drop /v /drɒp/
 drug /n /drʌɡ/
 easily /adv /'iːzəli/
 ex-girlfriend /n
 /ˌeksˌ'ɡɜːlfrend/
 extravagant /adj /ɪk'strævəɡənt/
 fall (= autumn) /n US /fɔːl/
 fantastic /fæn'tæstɪk/
 fed up /adj /ˌfedˌʌp/
 fish /v /fɪʃ/
 fit (= healthy) /adj /fɪt/
 flu /n /fluː/
 flying school /nˌ'flaɪŋˌskuːl/
 forever /adv /fəˈrevə/
 freshman /n US /'frefʃmən/
 get my nose done /v
 /ˌget maɪˌnəʊzˌdʌn/
 glamorous /adj /'ɡləməərəs/
 go far (in life) /v /ˌɡəʊˌfɑː/
 Good luck! /ˌɡʊdˌ'lʌk/
 grandfather /nˌ'ɡrændfɑːðə/
 grow up /v /ˌɡrəʊˌʌp/
 guilty /adj /'ɡɪlti/
 gun /n /ɡʌn/
 headache /nˌ'hedeɪk/
 health club /nˌ'helθˌklʌb/
 heavy /adj /'hevi/
 hobby /nˌ'hɒbi/
 hope /nˌv /həʊp/
 in a rush /nˌɪn əˌ'rʌʃ/

it was worth it /ɪt wəzˌ'wɜːθˌɪt/
 kid /n /kɪd/
 knock /v /nɒk/
 lads /n pl /lædz/
 lend /v /lend/
 liposuction /nˌ'lɪpəʊˌsʌkʃn/
 lonely /adj /'ləʊnli/
 lucky /adj /'lʌki/
 mad about (sth) (= passionate)
 /'mæd əˌbaʊt/
 mirror /nˌ'mɪrə/
 miserable /adj /'mɪzərəbl/
 model /nˌ'mɒdəl/
 move (house) /v /muːv/
 movies /n pl US /'muːvɪz/
 need /nˌniːd/
 nervous /adj /'nɜːvəs/
 normal /adj /'nɔːməl/
 nutritionist /nˌnjuːˌtrɪʃənɪst/
 organize /vˌ'ɔːɡənaɪz/
 passion /nˌ'pæʃn/
 perform (a play) /v /pəˈfɔːm/
 personally /adv /ˌpɜːsənəli/
 pick (sth) up (from the floor)
 /ˌpɪkˌʌp/
 plastic surgery /n
 /ˌplæstɪkˌ'sɜːdʒəri/
 play (in the theatre) /n /pleɪ/
 pleasure /nˌ'pleʒə/
 poor /adj /pɔːˌpʊə/
 pose /v /pəʊz/
 post /v /pəʊst/
 project (at work) /nˌ'prɒdʒekt/
 relationship /nˌrɪˌleɪʃnʃɪp/
 remember /v /rɪˌmembə/
 responsibility /nˌrɪˌsponsəˌbɪləti/
 retire /v /rɪˌtaɪə/
 rocket /nˌ'rɒkɪt/
 secret /nˌ'siːkrət/
 sky /n /skaɪ/
 social life /nˌ'səʊʃlˌlaɪf/
 soul /n /səʊl/
 spoilt /adj /spɔɪlt/
 stage (in a theatre) /nˌsteɪdʒ/
 terrible /adj /ˌterəbl/
 tests (in hospital) /n pl /tests/
 trainer (= person) /nˌ'treɪnə/
 troubled /adj /ˌtrʌblɪd/
 unknown /adj /ˌʌnˌnəʊn/
 unlimited /adj /ˌʌnˌlɪmɪtɪd/
 unreal /adj /ˌʌnˌriːəl/
 unwell /adj /ˌʌnˌwel/
 value /nˌ'væljuː/
 violence /nˌ'vaɪələns/
 wedding /nˌ'wedɪŋ/
 with a bit of luck
 /wɪð əˌbɪt əvˌ'lʌk/
 worried /adj /ˌwʌrɪd/
 worry /vˌ'wʌri/

Unit 4

4.1 Expressions of quantity

Count and uncount nouns

- 1 It is important to understand the difference between count and uncount nouns.

Count nouns	Uncount nouns
a cup	water
a girl	sugar
an apple	milk
an egg	music
a pound	money

We can say *three cups*, *two girls*, *ten pounds*. We can count them. We cannot say *two waters*, *three musics*, *one money*. We cannot count them.

- 2 Count nouns can be singular or plural.
This **cup** is full.
These **cups** are empty.
Uncount nouns can only be singular.
The **water** is cold.
The **weather** was terrible.

much and many

- 1 We use *much* with uncount nouns in questions and negatives.
How **much money** have you got?
There isn't **much milk** left.
2 We use *many* with count nouns in questions and negatives.
How **many people** were at the party?
I didn't take **many photos** on holiday.

some and any

- 1 *Some* is used in positive sentences.
I'd like **some** sugar.
2 *Any* is used in questions and negatives.
Is there **any** sugar in this tea?
Have you got **any** brothers and sisters?
We don't have **any** washing-up liquid.
I didn't buy **any** apples.
3 We use *some* in questions that are requests or offers.
Can I have **some** cake?
Would you like **some** tea?
4 The rules are the same for the compounds *someone*, *anything*, *anybody*, *somewhere*, etc.
I've got **something** for you.
Hello? Is **anybody** here?
There isn't **anywhere** to go in my town.

a few and a little

- 1 We use *a few* with count nouns.
There are **a few cigarettes** left, but not many.
2 We use *a little* with uncount nouns.
Can you give me **a little help**?

a lot/lots of

- 1 We use *a lot/lots of* with both count and uncount nouns.
There's **a lot of butter**.
I've got **lots of friends**.
2 *A lot/lots of* can be used in questions and negatives.
Are there **lots of tourists** in your country?
There isn't **a lot of butter**, but there's enough.

4.2 Articles – a and the

- 1 The indefinite article *a* or *an* is used with singular, countable nouns to refer to a thing or an idea for the first time.
We have **a cat** and **a dog**.
There's **a supermarket** in Adam Street.
2 The definite article *the* is used with singular and plural, countable and uncountable nouns when both the speaker and the listener know the thing or idea already.
We have a cat and a dog. **The cat** is old, but **the dog** is just a puppy.
I'm going to **the supermarket**. Do you want anything? (We both know which supermarket.)

Indefinite article

The indefinite article is used:

- 1 with professions.
I'm **a teacher**.
She's **an architect**.
2 with some expressions of quantity.
a pair of a little a couple of a few
3 in exclamations with *what* + a count noun.
What a lovely day!
What a pity!

Definite article

The definite article is used:

- 1 before seas, rivers, hotels, pubs, theatres, museums, and newspapers.
the Atlantic the British Museum
The Times the Ritz
2 if there is only one of something.
the sun the Queen the Government
3 with superlative adjectives.
He's **the richest man** in the world.
Jane's **the oldest** in the class.

No article

There is no article:

- 1 before plural and uncountable nouns when talking about things in general.
I like potatoes.
Milk is good for you.
2 before countries, towns, streets, languages, magazines, meals, airports, stations, and mountains.
I had lunch with John.
I bought *Cosmopolitan* at Paddington Station.
3 before some places and with some forms of transport.

at home	in/to bed	at/to work	at/to school/university
by bus	by plane	by car	by train
on foot			

She goes to work **by bus**.

I was at home yesterday evening.

- 4 in exclamations with *what* + an uncount noun.
What beautiful weather!
What loud music!

Note

In the phrase *go home*, there is no article and no preposition.

I **went home** early. NOT ~~I went to home~~.

Extra ideas Units 1-4

Song

- 1 You are going to read and listen to a song called *Sailing*. It is a love song. Look at the words below, which come from the song, and guess what the song is about.

stormy waters *high clouds*
dark night *to be with you*

- 2 Match the four phrases on the left with the three phrases on the right.

I am sailing		across the sea
I am trying		to be near you
I am flying		to be with you
I am dying		

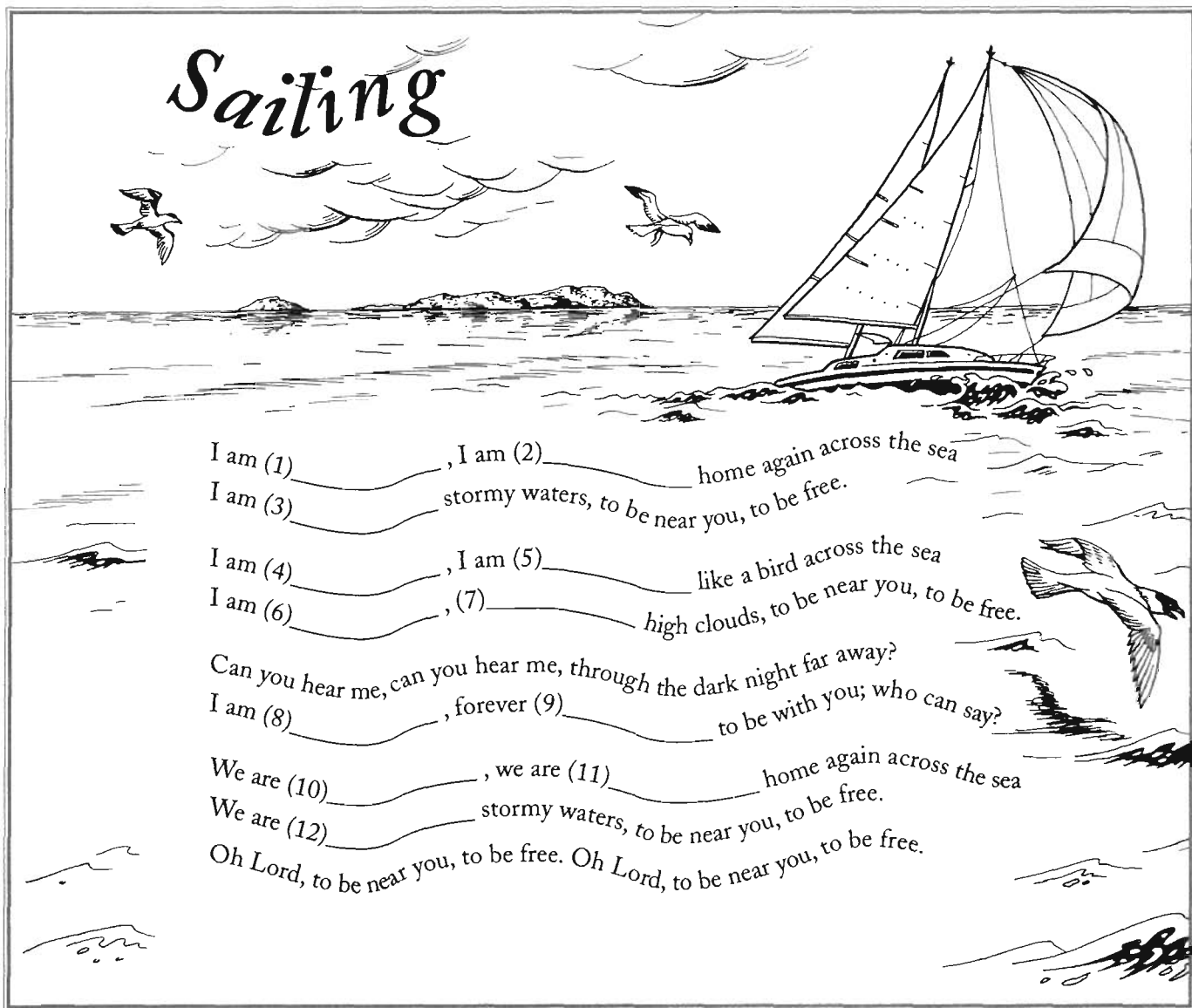
- 3 Read the song and complete the lines with *-ing* forms of the verbs below.

die sail fly pass try

- 4 Listen to the song and check your answers to exercises 1, 2, and 3.

- 5 Write your own song. Use the prompts below.

I am driving ...	I am cycling ...
I am driving ...	I am cycling ...
... to be to be ...
... to be...	... to be ...



THE ARTICLE

1. Revise the indefinite article grammar rules according to the following examples:

- a book, **an** engineer, **a** cap, **an** aircraft
1. I wear **a cap** in summer and **a hat** in autumn.
 2. When I write, I always use **a pen**.
 3. My brother is **an engineer**. His sister has become **a doctor**. This is **a dictionary**.
 4. **A child** can understand it. Ребенок (*всякий, каждый ребенок может понять это.*)
 5. He bought **a book** yesterday. Show me **a map** of Europe.
 6. I shall come in **an hour**. He did not say **a word**. (*a = один*)
 7. I do aerobics twice **a month**. It costs hundred rubles **a dozen**.
 8. What **a clever man**! What **a fine building**!

2. Revise the definite article grammar rules according to the following examples:

1. **The drawer** of my writing table is locked.
2. Where is **the key**? (Речь идет о ключе от данного замка)
3. Once there lived **an old doctor** in **a small town**. **The doctor** was known to everybody in **the town** as a very kind man. *Помните: At the port we saw a steamer. It was a steamer of 6,000 tons. (обозначает не данный пароход, а вид парохода.)*
4. **The earth** is millions of kilometers from the sun. *Помните: Star ship is now flying into space. The sun* is always shining. Give me a list of **the students**. (т. е. всех студентов данного учебного заведения, курса, данной группы и т. п.)
5. **The pine** grows in northern countries. **The poor** in New York live in slums. **The giraffe** is the tallest of all animals. When was **the telephone** invented? Can you play **the guitar**?
6. There is **the man** who came here yesterday.
7. *Сравните:* We stopped before **a big house**. **The big house** at the end of the street is the town library.
8. This is **the most** interesting book I have ever read. He is **the best**.
9. I found him in **the last** carriage of the train. This is **the only** book I have on this question. (*next, following, same, very*)
10. The office is on **the second floor**. He'll be **the third** for today.
11. In **the end** of the month
12. **The Russian** are proud of their country. **The English** are famous for their Queen.
13. Do you think **the rich** should pay more taxes to help **the poor**?

3. Revise the zero article grammar rules according to the following examples:

1. This is **my book**. This is **her dress**. This is **Tim's gun**.
2. I have **one book**. They have **three dogs**.
3. There is **no wood** on this ship. There are **no books** in my room.
4. **French** is a beautiful language. **English** is really useful.
5. **Children** can understand it. **Squares** have four sides.
6. There are millions of stars **in space** (**в космосе**).
7. **On Christmas** we are going to my grand mother. **Easter** is a great holiday.
8. Some day I'll visit **Mars**. I can't find **Cassiopeia** in the sky.
9. Do you play **football**? **Volleyball** is my favourite game.
10. Among all the subjects I like **mathematics** and **physics**. I'll have to take **history** next month.
11. To go to **bed** (**идти спать**). BUT: To sit on **the bed** (имеется в виду мебель).

4. Remember the following set expressions!

a) Set expressions that are used with the indefinite article:

a lot of	a great deal of
a good many	a great many
at a speed of	at a time when
in a loud voice	on a large (small)
to be in a position	to be at a loss
as a matter of fact	to have a good time
to have a headache	to take a seat
a good deal of	a great number of
a few	a little
at a time	for a short time
all of a sudden	to be in a hurry
it is a pity	as a result of

to have a mind	to have a look
to go for a walk	to have a cold
b) The use of the definite article with nouns in set expressions:	
in the morning	in the evening
in the afternoon	in the night
what is the time?	the day before yesterday
the day after to-morrow	on the right (left)
in the country	on the one (other) hand
on the whole	the other day
to go to the theatre	to play the piano, the violin
to tell the time	to pass the time
to run the risk	

c) Nouns in set expressions used without an article:

at night	by day
at home	at work
at sunset	at first sight
at peace	at war
by tram (train, boat)	by air
by water	by sea
by land	by post
by heart	by chance
by mistake	by name
by order of	by means of
at dinner	at table
to go to school	at school
to be in town	to go to town
to go to bed	to be in bed
In time	in debt
In demand	on demand
In sight	in fact
in conclusion	on board ship
on deck	on credit
on sale	day after day
day and night	from time to time
from day to day	from shop to shop
side by side	on television
to go home	to stay at home

5. Use of article with geographical names:

1. Continents (континенты)

Zero – Africa, Asia, Europe...

2. Countries (страны)

Zero (большинство стран состоящих из одного слова) – Russia, Finland, Germany, England, Turkey...

Исключение Great Britain.

The (названия стран состоящих из нескольких слов) – the ARE, the UK, The USA, the USSR

Запомните: the Argentine (or Argentina), the Netherlands, The Philippines, (the) Sudan. (The) Yemen, the Ukraine, the Crimea, the Caucasus, the Transvaal, the Congo

3. States/Counties (штаты, округа)

Zero (большинство) – Bavaria, Ohio, Surrey...

The – The Vatican

4. Cities (города)

Zero – (большинство) – Denver, London, Lyons, Tomsk, Moscow...

The – The Hague, the City (of London)

5. Geographical areas (географические зоны)

Zero – Central Asia, Inner London, Lower Egypt, Outer Mongolia, Upper Austria...

The – the Arctic, the Balkans, the Equator, the Middle East, the North Pole, the West...

6. Historical references (исторические названия)

Zero – Ancient Greece, Medieval Europe, pre war/post-war Germany, Roman Britain

The – the Dark Ages, the Renaissance, the Stone Age

7. Lakes (озера)

Zero – Lake Constance, Lake Erie, Lake Geneva, Lake Baikal

The (исключение) – The Great Lakes

8. Oceans/seas/rivers (океаны/моря/реки)

Zero – North Pacific Ocean...

The - the Pacific (Ocean), the Caspian (Sea), the River Nile, the Mississippi (or the Mississippi River), the Suez Canal.

9. Mountains (горы)

Zero – Everest, Mont Blanc, Elbrus...

Исключение the Jungfrau, the Matterhorn

The (горн. хребты) - the Alps, the Himalayas, the Apennines.

10. Islands (острова)

Zero (одиночные) – Christmas Island, Delos, Easter Island...

Исключения: the Isle of Capri, the Isle of Man

The (группы) - the Azores, the Bahamas...

11. Deserts (пустыни)

Zero – none

The - the Gobi (Desert), the Kalahari (Desert), the Sahara (Desert)

6. Revise the use of Article according to the following examples:

- a) with proper names;
- b) with abstract and uncountable nouns;
- c) with words: school, college;
- d) with words denoting parts of the day.

- a) 1. **Petrov** always protects his brother **Peter**.

BUT: **The Petrovs** are friendly family! So you are **the Willy** she's been writing about.

2. **I live on** Madison Avenue. Please, tell me where **West street** is.

REMEMBER: **the High Street, the Strand, the London road** (drive note - **the road that leads to London**)

3. You can find him in **Hyde Park**. **Moscow zoo** is very famous for its rare animals. Kensington gardens are very beautiful.

4. Your train arrives in **Waterloo station**

5. In London you can visit **Buckingham Palace** and **Westminster Abbey**.

REMEMBER: **The British Museum, the Tower (the Tower of London), the Library of Congress, the Bank of England, the House of Parliament...**

6. In Moscow I want to visit **the Bolshoi** theatre. Do you know where **the Phoenix** theatre is situated.

7. You can find it in the British museum or in the Tretjakov Gallery.

8. London consists of **the West end, the East end** and **the City**.

REMEMBER: **Her Majesty's theatre, Sadler's Wells theatre.**

- b) 1. **Water** is necessary for life. Many ships with **grain, coal, oil** and other cargoes come to Moscow along the Moscow Canal. **Salt** can be obtained from sea water. I like **milk**.

BUT: **The Water** in this jug is tasty. Pass me **the salt**. **The milk** that you gave me was sour.

2. Which do you prefer: **tea** or **coffee**?

3. **Happiness** is really important. **Knowledge** is power. I like **music**. I'll do it with **pleasure**.

BUT: I like **the music** of this ballad. To **the joy** of his friends he recovered very quickly.

- c) Сравните: Alison is ten years old. Every day she goes to **school**. She's at **school** now. **School** begins at 9 and finishes at 3.

Today Alison's mother wants to speak to her daughter's teacher. So she has gone to **the school** to see her. She's at **the school** now

Ken's brother is in **prison** for robbery.

Ken went to **the prison** to visit his brother.

When I leave **school**, I want to go to **university**.

Excuse me, where is **the university**, please?

- d) The sun had gone and **night** had come. **Day** is meant for work, **night** for sleep. It was **evening**. The river was before them.

BUT: He will never forget **the day** when he met her.

I spent **a sleepless night**. What **a wonderful day**!

REMEMBER: **in the morning, in the afternoon, in the evening.**

сказал журналистам лишь несколько слов. 9. Я встречал мало хороших врачей в своей жизни. Но доктор Грин, наш врач, дает нам массу полезных советов. 10. Можно мне немного кофе? — Нет, он слишком крепкий для тебя. 11. Мне кажется, что ты положила слишком много соли в суп. 12. Чтобы построить больницу, необходима крупная сумма денег. 13. Он купил довольно много акций (share). 14. Многие люди не употребляют сахар и соль. 15. Он понял лишь несколько слов.

Unit 5 The Article

Exercise 32. Fill in the blanks with the appropriate article where necessary.

1. I saw ___ man in ___ armchair at ___ window. He was reading ___ newspaper. 2. ___ boy said that he wanted two candies. 3. Is there anybody else in ___ waiting-room? — Yes, ___ man wants to speak to you.
4. Where is ___ brief-case? I put it on ___ table. 5. Is there ___ enquiry office at this airport? 6. Could you open ___ door, please? I see ___ girl knocking. 7. Let's make ___ speech at ___ reception. 8. ___ advice you gave me helped ___ lot. 9. I like to be in ___ centre of everything. 10. At ___ night I had ___ terrible headache after I had drunk ___ lot of ___ wine in ___ evening.
11. Look out! There is ___ dangerous bend in the road.
12. Mrs. Patsy is ___ last person I'd like to meet.
13. Tom's planning to take ___ boat to go fishing on ___ Sunday. 14. Could you phone later, please? Kate's having ___ bath. 15. The rent is 150 dollars ___ month.
16. We often go to ___ theatre and to ___ cinema, but very rarely to ___ circus. 17. When ___ father came home, they had ___ dinner and then watched ___ TV. They went to ___ bed at 11 p.m. 18. What ___ pity they haven't seen this performance! 19. She can't find ___ telegram which she received this morning. 20. Are you going to ___ country for ___ weekend? 21. She usually goes shopping on ___ Thursdays, but ___ last Thursday she didn't do shopping. She had to go to ___ dentist's.
22. What ___ lovely song! What ___ beautiful music!

23. Could you tell me ___ time, please? - It's ___ quarter past six. 24. Do you usually go by ___ train or in ___ car there?

Exercise 33. Fill in the blanks with the appropriate article where necessary.

A Geographical names.

1. They travelled by car around ___ Europe last month. 2. ___ Great American Lakes are ___ Lake Huron, ___ Lake Superior, ___ Lake Ontario, ___ Lake Michigan and ___ Lake Erie. 3. ___ north of ___ Scotland is known for its wild beauty. 4. Are ___ Urals higher or lower than ___ Alps? 5. It was Burns who wrote "My heart's in ___ Highlands". 6. ___ Mediterranean Sea washes ___ Europe, ___ Asia and ___ northern coast of ___ Africa. 7. What oceans does ___ Panama Canal connect? - I suppose ___ Atlantic and ___ Pacific Oceans. 8. ___ Seine flows through ___ Paris to ___ Atlantic Ocean. 9. We get coffee mostly from ___ Brazil and ___ Columbia. 10. ___ Alaska is the biggest and coldest state in ___ USA. 11. Where are ___ Canaries situated? 12. ___ United Kingdom consists of four parts: ___ England, ___ Scotland, ___ Wales and ___ Northern Ireland, or ___ Ulster. 13. ___ Himalayas are the highest mountains in ___ Asia. 14. I went to ___ German Republic last summer, but I haven't been to ___ Netherlands yet. Of course, I would like to see ___ Hague. 15. ___ Thames is not the longest river in ___ Great Britain but it is rather wide and navigable. 16. ___ America consists of two parts, ___ South and North America, doesn't it? 17. In ___ north there are ___ Cheviots. These are the mountains which separate ___ England from ___ Scotland. 18. ___ Brazil is the largest country of ___ South America. ___ Amazon, the widest river in ___ world, flows there. 19. What city is the capital of ___ Philippines? 20. ___ Republic of

___ China is the third largest country in ___ world after ___ Russia and ___ Canada.

B Abstract nouns and names of materials.

1. ___ life is impossible without ___ water and ___ air. 2. You can't swim in the river. ___ water isn't warm enough. 3. She hurried in and found ___ coffee almost boiled away. 4. ___ oil is lighter than ___ water. 5. He has ___ deep knowledge in mathematics. 6. You can't do any work without ___ knowledge. 7. ___ life is ___ complicated matter. 8. ___ Browns lived ___ quiet life somewhere in South Carolina. 9. The Moslems don't eat ___ pork. 10. ___ water is precious in deserts and can be found in oases. 11. This is ___ coffee I am so fond of. I don't think there is ___ better coffee than this. 12. ___ coffee is cultivated in the south of the island. 13. It seems to me Englishmen show ___ deep distrust of strangers. 14. He wanted to give his son ___ good education. 15. ___ air was fresh and cool. 16. Nothing can travel faster than ___ light. 17. He can give you ___ good piece of ___ advice. He is fond of giving ___ advice. - But ___ advice he gave us did not help. 18. The patient was making ___ noticeable progress. 19. You can be satisfied with ___ progress you have made. 20. Our plane ran into ___ heavy weather.

C School, college, etc.

1. He had a headache and didn't go to ___ work yesterday. 2. "What did you get in ___ literature?" the mother asked her daughter when she came ___ home from ___ school. 3. It was twelve o'clock but Andrew was still in ___ bed. 4. Could you give me a lift to ___ college? 5. In summer they seldom go to ___ college. 6. I like to stay at ___ home on cold evenings. 7. Have you

heard anything from John lately? — Yes, he graduated from ___ Cambridge University. 8. The queen is going to open ___ new hospital in the capital next week. 9. Mom came to ___ school to see my teacher yesterday. 10. "You must do this exercise at ___ school and that one at ___ home," said our teacher in a loud voice. 11. I left my bag in ___ hospital when I was visiting Judy. 12. What a strange building! — It's ___ prison. It was built in the last century. 13. When I came to ___ prison to see my cousin, I found out that he had escaped two days before. 14. Look at this man. Can you imagine that he was in ___ prison five years ago? 15. Let's meet at ___ church. It's on the left of ___ university. 16. I went to ___ church last Sunday but I couldn't pray. There were two many people in ___ church. 17. The doctor hoped that the patient would not stay in ___ bed for a long time. 18. Look at this ring. What a fine piece of ___ work! 19. They called a plumber to ___ prison to repair bad taps. 20. The parents were waiting for their children outside ___ school. 21. Oh, what ___ beautiful church! Let's go there to make some photos.

D Proper names.

1. ___ Mall is a wide avenue leading from ___ Trafalgar Square to ___ Buckingham Palace, the residence of the English kings. 2. The centre of ___ City is represented by three buildings: ___ Mansion House, ___ Royal Exchange and ___ Bank of ___ England. 3. When will he arrive at ___ Heathrow airport? 4. ___ Bolshoi Theatre is famous for its ballet performances. 5. What is on at ___ "Pushkinsky"? 6. ___ Princess Diana stayed at ___ Hilton Hotel. 7. People coming to London often do shopping in ___ Oxford Street. 8. ___ London Zoo is situated in ___ Regent Park in London. 9. If you are interested in churches and historical places, you should by no means see ___

Westminster Abbey, ___ Houses of Parliament, ___ St. Paul's Cathedral and ___ Tower. 10. ___ British Museum is famous for its library, one of the richest in the world. 11. The English parks — ___ Hyde Park, ___ Kensington Gardens and ___ Kew Gardens where you forget that you are in the big city, struck me most of all. 12. Julius Caesar founded ___ Tower of London. 13. Across the road from ___ Westminster Abbey is ___ Westminster Palace, the seat of ___ British Parliament. 14. My train leaves from ___ Waterloo Station at 2.10 a.m. 15. ___ West End is the symbol of a wealthy and luxurious life. 16. If you like art galleries you should go to ___ National Gallery and ___ Tate. 17. Where do you live? — I live in ___ High Street. 18. On ___ Wednesday ___ *Financial Times* published an article about the situation in ___ North Korea. 19. Are you going to stay at ___ St. Marcus Hotel? — No, at ___ Plaza Hotel. 20. If you want to do shopping, go to ___ Oxford Street or ___ Bond Street.

E Nouns denoting parts of the day and names of seasons.

1. It was ___ evening. 2. It was ___ warm summer evening. 3. ___ evening was very pleasant. 4. Let's meet in ___ evening, I'll be very busy in ___ afternoon. 5. It was ___ early morning. 6. It snowed at ___ night. 7. We started early in ___ morning. 8. We were shivering though it was ___ warm night. 9. They got up at ___ dawn. The sun was shining brightly, there were no clouds in the sky. But they started off late in ___ morning. 10. What do you usually do in ___ autumn? 11. Russians like ___ hard winter with plenty of ___ snow and ___ frost. 12. Nature is so beautiful in ___ spring. 13. In this country ___ spring is rather wet, ___ summer is sometimes hot, ___ autumn is windy and muddy, ___ winter is seldom cold and snowy. How can people live here? I prefer ___ summer all the year round. 14. She

still remembers ___ autumn when he first told her of his love. 15. Nothing can be more beautiful than green forests in ___ early spring. 16. It was ___ late autumn. 17. ___ autumn of 1996 was very warm and sunny. 18. ___ spring and love make people feel young. 19. I am going to France in ___ summer. 20. In Great Britain ___ winters are not severely cold, while ___ summers are rarely hot.

Exercise 34. Fill in the blanks with the appropriate article where necessary.

1. ___ pine grows in many parts of the world. 2. ___ life would be more difficult without ___ telephone. 3. ___ whale is in ___ danger of becoming extinct. 4. He prefers ___ town to ___ country. 5. Can you play ___ violin? 6. Will you play ___ draughts with me? 7. ___ tulips and daffodils are my favourite spring flowers. 8. ___ Chinese invented ___ paper and ___ powder. 9. ___ gulden is the currency of ___ Dutch. 10. ___ man and ___ woman were created equal. 11. The government should take more care of ___ disabled and ___ unemployed. 12. Yesterday we went to the Zoo. We saw ___ small bear there. He was like ___ Teddy bear. 13. Does ___ polar bear live in ___ Arctic or in ___ Antarctic? 14. He brought her ___ black rose. ___ black rose is ___ very rare species. 15. ___ bicycle is one of the main transport means in ___ Amsterdam. 16. Was it difficult for you to communicate in ___ Switzerland? — No, fortunately I met ___ Swiss who spoke ___ English very well. He helped us a lot. 17. When did ___ man first go into ___ space? 18. ___ daffodil is the national emblem of ___ Welsh.

Exercise 35 (Revision.) Fill in the blanks with the appropriate article where necessary.

1. He lives in ___ south of ___ Australia. 2. In his

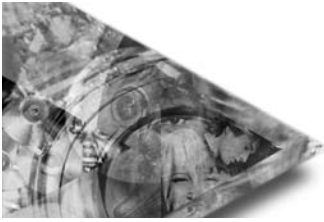
novels Jack London, ___ famous American writer, described ___ life of ___ poor. 3. It seemed to him that nothing would break such ___ peaceful silence. Suddenly there was ___ scream, then ___ second and ___ third. 4. Can you play ___ guitar? 5. He came in one morning when we were having ___ dinner on ___ terrace of ___ hotel and introduced himself. 6. ___ world tour costs ___ lot of money. 7. Did he fail you? What ___ surprise! 8. I don't believe you. I think you're telling ___ lie. 9. Did you have ___ lovely time in ___ Hague? 10. It was ___ early evening but I was feeling sleepy so I decided to have ___ nap. 11. He made ___ gross mistake. ___ economists can't make such ___ mistakes. 12. Have ___ look at the sky. It looks like ___ rain. 13. She'll have ___ swim and return in ___ quarter of ___ hour. 14. I'll have to convince him that I'm telling ___ truth. 15. He wasn't used to driving on ___ left. 16. ___ Christmas Eve is on ___ 24th of December. 17. Don't worry, we'll get ___ home before ___ sunset. 18. I'd like to have ___ sandwich with ___ sausage for ___ breakfast. 19. My favourite subject at ___ school was ___ biology. 20. He knows ___ history of ___ French Revolution well. 21. To tell ___ truth, I didn't expect to find ___ homeless man here. 22. It's ___ high time you stopped being so selfish. 23. ___ earth goes round ___ sun. 24. ___ Lombard Street in ___ City of London is ___ centre of ___ banking in Great Britain. 25. ___ Queen Elizabeth ___ II won't speak on ___ radio tomorrow. 26. ___ English Channel is between ___ Great Britain and ___ France. 27. ___ Trafalgar Square is ___ geographical centre of ___ London. 28. When ___ student, Jane spent two years in ___ Europe. 29. ___ Pacific is ___ largest ocean on our planet. 30. Have you ever been to ___ Museum of ___ Fine Arts? 31. Show me ___ Bermudas on this map, please. 32. ___ Mississippi is ___ longest river in ___ USA. 33. One of my classmates entered ___ Moscow State

University last year. As for me, I chose ___ Higher School of ___ Economics. 34 ___ Urals are old and not very high. 35. We are just taking ___ first steps into ___ space. ___ universe is still *terra incognita* for us. 36. ___ Russians have ___ wonderful folk song tradition. 37. Why don't you eat with ___ knife and ___ fork? 38. They've been waiting to hear from him all ___ month. 39. We met on ___ wet Monday in ___ June. 40. Look out! ___ cat is on ___ TV! 41. ___ Queen Elizabeth had ___ dinner with ___ President Clinton. 42. He was elected ___ President in 1996. 43. Mr. Smith, ___ engineer of Black & Co., returned from his trip to ___ Malta. 44. He sat to his letter to ___ Sun. 45. Mary was talking with ___ Dodges who were sitting near the fire-place. 46. I saw ___ beautiful Goya in Milan once. 47. He looked at me from ___ head to ___ toe. 48. I fought for ___ freedom, for the brotherhood of ___ man. 49. He is ___ very sociable man. He always has many invitations to ___ dinner. 50. On ___ one hand, ___ facts he presented are true, but on ___ other hand, I can't trust them. I know he often tells ___ lies. 51. He fell in love with her at ___ first sight. 52. Don't take my words close to ___ heart. 53. ___ Moscow of ___ 1950's is not ___ Moscow of ___ 1990's.

Exercise 36. Translate into English.

1. Будьте добры, передайте мне соль, пожалуйста.
2. Вечер был влажный (damp) и прохладный. 3. Был холодный и ветреный (windy) день. 4. Вино слишком сладкое. 5. Я люблю сухое вино. 6. Она нашла такую хорошую работу. 7. Погода плохая. Ночь была очень холодная. Я не хочу гулять в такую холодную погоду.
8. Человек приручил (domesticate) собаку много лет назад. 9. Это неожиданная новость. 10. Он обладает обширными знаниями в области медицины. 11. Кипр и Мальта известные туристические центры. 12. Она

прожила трудную жизнь. 13. Нефть используют для производства (production) бензина. 14. Шотландия — гористая (mountainous) часть Великобритании. Самая высокая гора — пик Бен-Невис. 15. Где они остановились? — В отеле «Континенталь». Это на Хай-стрит.



4

NAME: _____

Test A

1 Circle the correct word(s) in each sentence.

- 1 How much / many money have you got?
- 2 I'd like any / some sugar.
- 3 Have you got a few / a little time?
- 4 Can you give me some / any cake, please?
- 5 He's got anything / something for you.
- 6 How many / much students are in your class?
- 7 I hate this town. There is nothing / something to do.
- 8 The milks are / milk is cold.
- 9 Have you got some / any chocolate?
- 10 There are a few / a little flowers in the garden.
- 11 There isn't some / any coffee in the cupboard.

1 point for each correct answer

10

2 Complete the sentences.

some or any?

- 1 There are some new students in my class.
- 2 Is there _____ tea?
- 3 I don't think there is _____ red wine.
- 4 We need _____ fruit.

much or many?

- 5 How _____ brothers have you got?
- 6 How _____ were your jeans?
- 7 Were there _____ people in the cinema?
- 8 Fifty pence isn't _____ for a cup of coffee.

a little, a few, or a lot of?

- 9 There's _____ milk in the fridge – but not much.
- 10 I have _____ friends in Athens because I worked there for ten years.
- 11 The drive to Nice takes _____ hours. Two or three.

1 point for each correct answer

10

3 Complete the words in the sentences.

no, any, or every?

- 1 It was a delicious meal – everyone enjoyed it.
- 2 I can't find _____one to answer my question.
- 3 _____one likes getting bad news.
- 4 I'm bored. There's _____thing to do.
- 5 She told _____one my secret. I was angry with her.

thing, where, or one?

- 6 Are you going some _____ nice for your holiday?
- 7 No _____ wants to go out with me tonight.
- 8 Did you buy any _____ at the shops?
- 9 I looked every _____, but I didn't find it.
- 10 Every _____ knows Kylie Minogue.
- 11 There's no _____ on TV tonight.

1 point for each correct answer

10

4 Complete the conversation with the words in the box.

a lot of any (x2) anything everyone ~~many~~ some
something nothing

- A How (1) many people are coming to the party?
- B Well, there are (2) _____ my friends from work – about twenty-five.
- A Have we got (3) _____ for them to drink?
- B There's (4) _____ wine and beer in the fridge.
- A That isn't enough. I'll go to the supermarket. Have you got (5) _____ money?
- B Have a look in my purse.
- A There's (6) _____ in your purse! I'll use my credit card. Do we need (7) _____ bags of crisps?
- B No, we don't. There are twelve bags in the cupboard.
- A OK, I'll go to the supermarket now.
- B I've just remembered (8) _____ – (9) _____ is arriving at 6.00 so you need to hurry.

1 point for each correct answer

8

5 Correct the sentences.

- 1 They've got two children, a girl and the boy.
They've got two children, a girl and a boy.
- 2 That's their house. A one with the pretty garden.

- 3 My aunt has shop in Cambridge.

- 4 Money can't buy you the love.

- 5 I'd like loaf of bread, please.

- 6 I'm driving one VW this week.

1 point for each correct answer

5

6 Where can you buy these things? Put the words in the correct columns.

carrot cake doughnuts dress espresso jumper
~~make-up~~ shampoo soap tie tissues

a chemist's	a café	a clothes shop
1 <u>make-up</u>	5 _____	8 _____
2 _____	6 _____	9 _____
3 _____	7 _____	10 _____
4 _____		

1 point for each correct answer

9

7 Write the plurals.

- | | |
|-------------------|------------------|
| 1 boy <u>boys</u> | 7 sandwich _____ |
| 2 glass _____ | 8 size _____ |
| 3 city _____ | 9 potato _____ |
| 4 key _____ | 10 tooth _____ |
| 5 fish _____ | 11 woman _____ |
| 6 person _____ | |

1 point for each correct answer

10

8 Read the information. Write **OS** (Oxford Street), **CM** (Camden Market), or **CS** (Carnaby Street).

Carnaby Street was a famous London street in the 1960s when the Beatles were young and Britain was the centre of pop and fashion. Unfortunately, it is now a place for tourists where there isn't much to buy except postcards and badly-made souvenirs.

Oxford Street in central London is world-famous for its shops. However, many tourists find it isn't very interesting: the shops near Marble Arch are large department stores selling mass-produced things and at the other end of the street there are smaller shops selling cheap clothes and electrical goods.

Camden Market is in a fashionable area of north London. More than 9 million visitors go there every year. The market is open all week but it is busiest at the weekends. If you don't mind being with lots of people, it's great walking along the streets looking at the jewellery, clothes, and antique stalls. There are lots of small specialist shops and stalls selling interesting things from all over the world, so make sure you have lots of time to look around.

Which shopping area(s) ...

- 1 was fashionable forty years ago? _____

- 2 has lots of big shops? _____
 3 sells things for tourists? _____
 4 sells cheap clothes and CD players? _____
 5 is very busy on Saturday and Sunday? _____
 6 are disappointing for visitors? _____, _____
 7 has things for sale in the streets? _____
 8 is fashionable now? _____
 9 sells more unusual things? _____

2 points for each correct answer

18

9 Complete the form with information about you.

PLEASE WRITE IN CAPITAL LETTERS

Mr/Mrs/Ms (delete where not applicable)

Family name _____ Home address _____

First name/s _____

Date of birth _____ Occupation _____

Nationality _____ Languages _____

Marital status _____ Signature _____

1 point for each correct piece of information, 2 for following the instructions correctly

12

10 Put the two conversations in the correct order.

In a clothes shop

- 1 Hello, can I help you?
 _____ Here you are.
 _____ What size are you?
 _____ That's great. Can I try it on, please?
 _____ Yes, I'm looking for a dress like this in red, please.
 _____ Small.
 7 Of course. The changing rooms are over there.

In a chemist's

- 1 I wonder if you could help me. I've got a cold.
 _____ Thank you. And I need some tissues, please.
 _____ Of course. You should take two of these three times a day.
 _____ Sure. Do you need anything for your throat?
 5 No, nothing else, thanks.

1 point for each correct answer

8

TOTAL

100

Stop and check 1

UNITS 1-4

Questions

Make questions about the missing information.

Example

She earns ____ a year. **How much does she earn a year?**

- 1 Peter has ____ children. (Two? Three?)

- 2 I'm reading ____ at the moment.

- 3 They went to ____ on holiday last year.

- 4 She works in the ____ shop. (Shoe shop? Book shop?)

- 5 I got up early this morning because ____ .

- 6 The supermarket closes at ____ .

- 7 I go swimming ____ . (Once a week? Once a month?)

- 8 I borrowed ____ car. (Tom's? Ann's?)

8

Tenses

Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verb in brackets.

- 1 Emma _____ (spend) every school holiday in Scotland.
- 2 Why are you under the table? _____ you _____ (look) for something?
- 3 In my country we _____ (not have) lessons on Saturday.
- 4 My wife _____ (not like) football, but I _____ (love) it.
- 5 I _____ (buy) a new pair of shoes yesterday. _____ you _____ (like) them?
- 6 My grandfather _____ (live) in Belgium when the Second World War _____ (start).
- 7 Yuet Tung _____ (live) in the United States. She _____ (meet) her husband while she _____ (work) for a publisher on Madison Avenue.

12

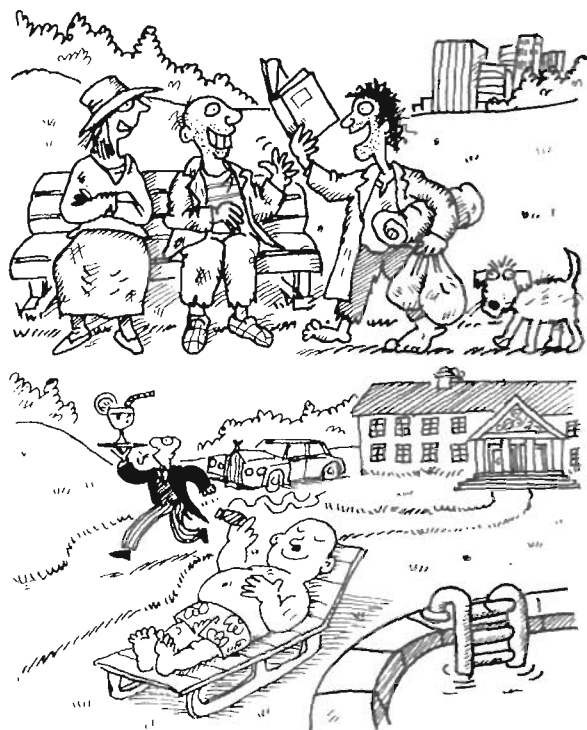
have/have got

- 1 Make ten sentences about the two people in the pictures. Say what they *have/have got* and what they *don't have/haven't got*.

Examples

He's got a cat.

He doesn't have a house.



- 1 _____
- 2 _____
- 3 _____
- 4 _____
- 5 _____
- 6 _____
- 7 _____
- 8 _____
- 9 _____
- 10 _____

10

2 Ask and answer five questions about the two people.

Examples

Does he have a car? Yes, he does.

Has he got a car? Yes, he has.

- 1 _____
- 2 _____
- 3 _____
- 4 _____
- 5 _____

10

Past tense forms

What is the past tense of the following verbs? Some are irregular, and some are regular.

- | | | |
|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| hear _____ | can _____ | break _____ |
| phone _____ | put _____ | catch _____ |
| live _____ | begin _____ | hit _____ |
| try _____ | leave _____ | fall _____ |
| make _____ | feel _____ | build _____ |

15

Prepositions

Complete the sentences with the correct preposition. If no preposition is necessary, write nothing.

- 1 I listened _____ the news _____ the radio.
- 2 I'll see you _____ 9.00 _____ the morning.
- 3 I'm looking _____ my neighbour's car while she's on holiday.
- 4 What are you doing _____ this evening?
- 5 She arrived _____ England two years ago.
- 6 I'm going _____ home.
- 7 I spoke _____ Mary a few days ago.
- 8 My sister's coming to stay _____ 19 December.

10

Expressions of quantity

- 1 Complete the sentences with *some* or *any*.
 - 1 I'd like _____ tea, but I don't want _____ biscuits.
 - 2 Is there _____ sugar? I can't see _____.
 - 3 I bought _____ sugar yesterday.
 - 4 I didn't buy _____ coffee, because I thought we had _____.
 - 5 We need _____ bread. I'll get it later.

8

2 There is one mistake in each of the following sentences. Find it and correct it.

- 1 How many money have you got?
- 2 I only have a little potatoes.
- 3 I don't have many time, so I can't help you. Sorry.
- 4 In Nowy Świat there are a lot shops.
- 5 Close your eyes. I've got anything for you.
- 6 John lives anywhere near Bournemouth.
- 7 Anybody told me you're getting married. Is it true?

7

Articles

Complete the sentences with *a*, *an*, *the*, or nothing.

- 1 China has _____ biggest population in _____ world.
- 2 _____ Yangtze River flows into _____ East China Sea.
- 3 Do you like _____ Chinese food?
- 4 We had some for _____ lunch _____ few days ago.
- 5 I come to _____ school by bus, but I get _____ lift home with _____ friend.

10

Vocabulary

Match the verbs in A with phrases in B.

A	B
put on	a part-time job
do	a van
make	milk
drive	make-up
call	a decision
run out of	sorry
say	my money
wash	her wedding anniversary
lose	my hair
forget	the police

10

TOTAL 100