

Таблица временных форм активного залога

	SIMPLE / INDEFINITE <i>to write to translate</i>	COUNTINUOUS <i>to be writing to be translating</i>	PERFECT <i>to have written to have translated</i>	PERFECT COUNTINUOUS <i>to have been writing to have been translating</i>
present	1. I always write letters 2. He usually translates business letters. 3. I don't know French. 4. Alex doesn't spend his weekends in the country. 5. Do you speak English? – Yes, I do. No, I don't. 6. Does she play the piano well? – Yes, she does. No, she doesn't. 7. What do you <i>usually do</i> on Sundays? – I go to the library. 8. I'm free, aren't I?	1. "What are you doing now ?" "I'm writing a letter." 2. Alex is translating a letter, so he can't talk to you <i>just now</i> . 3. She is always losing her keys. 4. Look, it is raining ! 5. Для выражения будущего действия. "What are you doing tonight ?" "I'm going to the cinema."	1. I've just written a letter to a friend. 2. I haven't seen him <i>lately</i> . 3. I have known him <i>for</i> a long time. 4. He hasn't met her <i>since</i> he left the city. <i>/since</i> last week. 5. You'll understand the problem better after you have studied it more carefully. 6. Has he answered your letter <i>yet</i> ? 7. What have you done ?	1. I've been writing letters <i>since</i> morning. <i>/since</i> I came home. 2. He has been learning English <i>for</i> two years. 3. How long have you been translating this article? 4. He has been translating books <i>all his life</i> . 5. Look, it has been raining <i>since</i> yesterday! 6. What have you been doing <i>all this time</i> ?
past	1. I wrote a letter to a friend <i>yesterday</i> . 2. He bought the book <i>last week</i> . 3. It took me an hour to read the book. 4. I didn't work <i>last year</i> . 5. He was in a hurry when I saw him. 6. When did you <i>last see</i> him? 7. What did you do in 2006? 8. How long did it take you to get there?	1. I was writing a letter when he came . 2. What were you doing when she called you? 3. At 12 we were still waiting for a bus. 4. Mary was watching TV <i>while/when/as</i> John was reading a book. 5. She was always complaining of being lonely.	1. I had written all the letters <i>when</i> you came . 2. <i>When</i> I came to the station, the train had left . 3. How many letters had you translated <i>by the time /when</i> the manager came ? 4. She said that she had known him <i>for</i> two years. 5. She said that she had known him <i>since</i> she graduated from the University. <i>/since</i> Monday.	1. He said he had been looking through the papers <i>since</i> morning. 2. We had been walking through the forest <i>for</i> three hours <i>when</i> we realized that we had lost our way.
future	1. I think I will write to him <i>one of these days./tomorrow</i> . 2. He'll probably write to me <i>soon</i> . 3. I'll send you a fax <i>as soon as</i> I make all the necessary arrangements. 4. I'll call you after I've seen everybody about it.	1. I'll be waiting for you <i>at exactly ten</i> . 2. Will you be using your computer <i>this afternoon</i> ? 3. <i>Tomorrow</i> we'll be looking at the situation in Panama.	<i>(Употребляется сравнительно редко)</i> 1. We will have written all the most important letters <i>by</i> one o'clock. (<i>by the time</i> you need them.)	<i>(Употребляется сравнительно редко)</i> 1. He will have been working <i>for an hour by the time</i> we come to help him.
future in the past	1. He said he would write to us <i>as soon as</i> he got to London. 2. He said you would understand the problem better <i>after</i> you had studied it more carefully.	1. He said he would be waiting for you at exactly ten. 2. They said (on TV) that they would be looking at the situation in Panama.	1. They said they would have written all the documents <i>by the time</i> you needed them.	<i>(Употребляется сравнительно редко)</i> 1. He said he would have been working <i>for an hour by the time</i> we came to help him.